

TOSHIBA

Leading Innovation >>>

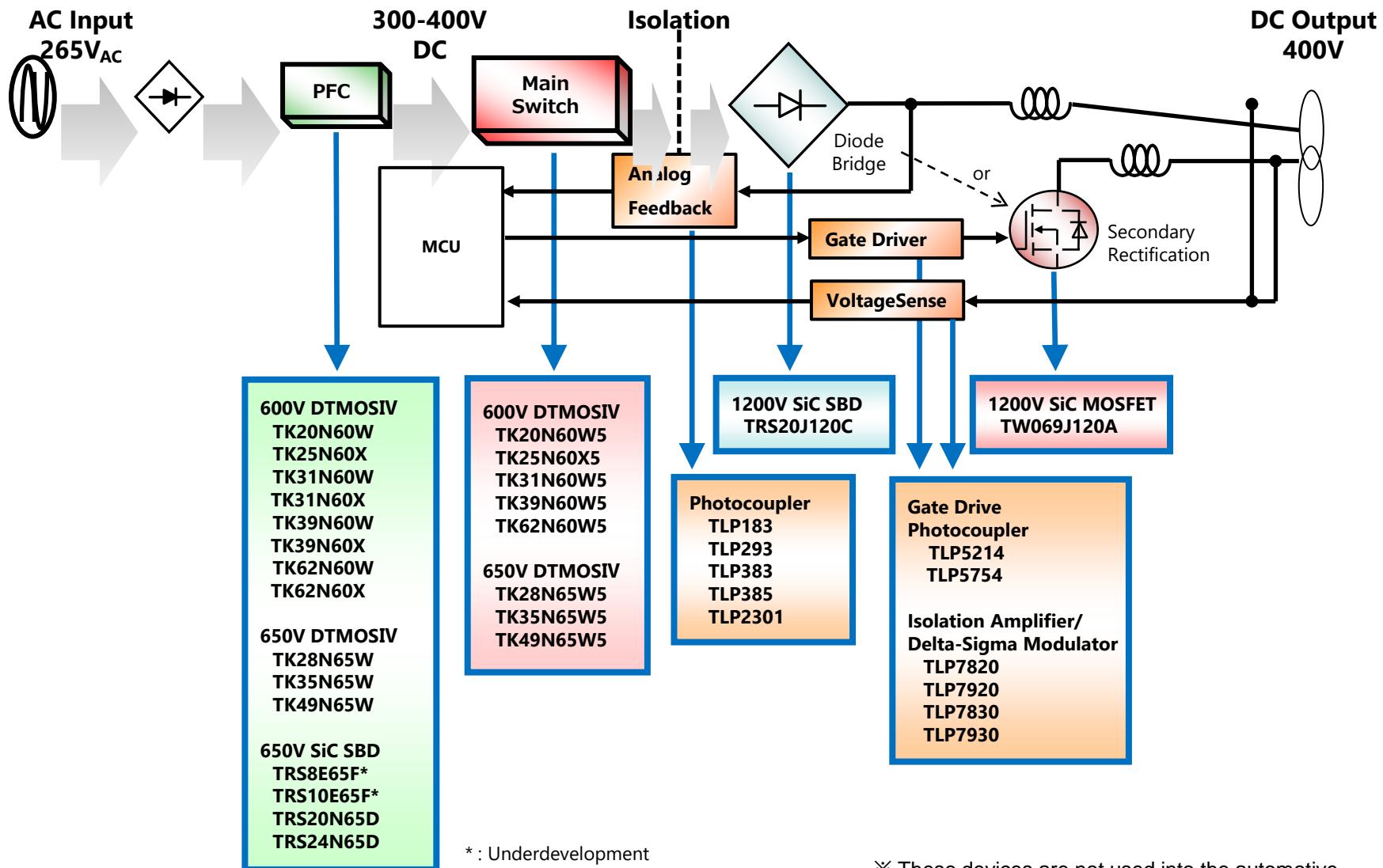
Discrete Semiconductor for EV Charger

January 2016

Toshiba Discrete Semiconductor Technology Corporation
Global Development Department
Discrete Business Development Division

Toshiba Recommendation for EV Charger

Application Example for EV Charger



* : Underdevelopment

※ These devices are not used into the automotive.

Recommendable Devices for EV Charger

MOSFET

Package name (Toshiba)	Series	Part Number	Absolute Maximum Ratings			Circuit Configuration	$R_{DS(ON)}$ max(Ω)	Q_g typ.	C_{iss} typ.	Remark
			V_{DSS} (V)	V_{GSS} (V)	I_D (A)					
TO-247	Standard	TK20N60W	600	± 30	20	N-ch	0.155	48	1680	DTMOSIV
		TK31N60W		± 30	30.8	N-ch	0.088	86	3000	DTMOSIV
		TK39N60W		± 30	38.8	N-ch	0.065	110	4100	DTMOSIV
		TK62N60W		± 30	61.8	N-ch	0.04	180	6500	DTMOSIV
		TK28N65W	650	± 30	27.6	N-ch	0.11	75	3000	DTMOSIV
		TK35N65W		± 30	35	N-ch	0.08	100	4100	DTMOSIV
		TK49N65W		± 30	49.2	N-ch	0.055	160	6500	DTMOSIV
	High-Speed Diode	TK20N60W5	600	± 30	20	N-ch	0.175	55	1800	DTMOSIV
		TK31N60W5		± 30	30.8	N-ch	0.099	105	3000	DTMOSIV
		TK39N60W5		± 30	38.8	N-ch	0.074	135	4100	DTMOSIV
		TK62N60W5		± 30	61.8	N-ch	0.045	205	6500	DTMOSIV
		TK25N60X5	650	± 30	25	N-ch	0.14	60	2400	DTMOSIV-H
		TK28N65W5		± 30	27.6	N-ch	0.13	90	3000	DTMOSIV
		TK35N65W5		± 30	35	N-ch	0.095	115	4100	DTMOSIV
		TK49N65W5		± 30	49.2	N-ch	0.057	185	6500	DTMOSIV
	High-speed switching	TK25N60X	600	± 30	25	N-ch	0.125	40	2400	DTMOSIV-H
		TK31N60X		± 30	30.8	N-ch	0.088	65	3000	DTMOSIV-H
		TK39N60X		± 30	38.8	N-ch	0.065	85	4100	DTMOSIV-H
		TK62N60X		± 30	61.8	N-ch	0.04	135	6500	DTMOSIV-H

SiC MOSFET

Package name (Toshiba)	Series	Part Number	Absolute Maximum Ratings			Circuit Configuration	$R_{DS(ON)}$ max(Ω)	Q_g typ.	C_{iss} typ.	Remark
			V_{DSS} (V)	V_{GSS} (V)	I_D (A)					
TO-3P(N)	Silicon Carbide	TW069J120A	1200	+25 -12	47	N-ch	0.069	75	1700	New Product

Recommendable Devices for EV Charger

SiC SBD

Package	Part Number	Absolute Maximum Ratings					Circuit Configuration	Electrical Characteristics(Max) (Per Leg)				
		V _{RRM} (V)	I _{F(DC)} (A)	I _{FP} (A)	T _j (°C)	T _{stg} (°C)		I _{RRM} (μA)	V _{FM} (V)	@I _{FM} (A)	C _j (pF)(Typ.)	Conditions
TO-220-2L	TRS8E65F*	650	8	(51)	-55~175	Single	(20)	1.7	8	(32)	VR=650V f=1MHz	
	TRS10E65F*		10	(67)			(20)	1.7	10	(39)		
	TRS20N65D	175	20 (Both Legs)	200 (Both Legs)		Center Tap	90	1.7	10	55	VR=650V f=1MHz	
	TRS24N65D		24 (Both Legs)	220 (Both Legs)			90	1.7	12	65		
TO-3P(N)	TRS20J120C	1200	20	310		Single	90	2	20	105	VR=600V f=1MHz	

* : Underdevelopment

Recommendable Devices for EV Charger

Photocoupler

Package name (Toshiba)	Function	Part Number	Current Transfer Ratio		Collector -Emitter Voltage	Turn-on/Turn-off Time ($I_F=16mA, RL=1.9k\Omega$)	Operating Temperature	Isolation Voltage
			CTR(I_C/I_F) (%)		$V_{CEO}(V)$	$t_{on/off}(Typ.)$ (μs)	$T_{opr}(^{\circ}C)$	BVs (V_{rms})
 SO4	DC input OpenCollector Output	General-purpose	TLP291(SE)	50 to 600	80	0.5/40	-55 to 110	3750
		Low Input	TLP293	50 to 600	80	0.4/35	-55 to 125	3750
 4pin SO6		General-purpose	TLP185(SE)	50 to 600	80	0.5/40	-55 to 110	3750
		Low Input	TLP183	50 to 600	80	0.4/35	-55 to 125	3750
 4pin SO6L		20kbps	TLP2301	50 (min.)	40	15/8 ^{※1}	-55 to 125	3750
		General-purpose	TLP385	50 to 600	80	0.5/40	-55 to 110	5000
		Low Input	TLP383	50 to 600	80	0.5/40	-55 to 125	5000

Gate Drive Photocoupler

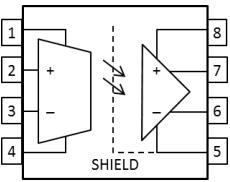
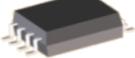
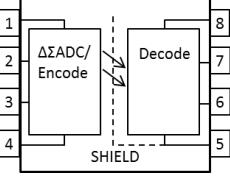
Package name (Toshiba)	Function	Part Number	$I_{OP}(Max.)$ (A)	Threshold LED Input Current	Supply Voltage Operating Range	Propagation Delay Time (Max.)	Operating temperature	Isolation Voltage	
				$I_{FLH}(Max.)$ (mA)	V_{cc} (V)	T_{pHL}/T_{pLH} (μs)	T_{opr} ($^{\circ}C$)	BVs (V_{rms})	
 SO6L	Gate Driver RtoR ^{※2} UVLO		TLP5754	4.0	15 to 30	0.15	-40 to 110	5000	
 SO16L	Smart Gate Driver Over Current Protection Active Miller Clamp RtoR ^{※2} , UVLO		TLP5214	± 4.0	6.0	15 to 30	0.15	-40 to 110	5000

※1 Propagation Delay Time (Max.) T_{pLH}/T_{pHL} (μs) ($I_F=1mA, RL=10k\Omega$)

※2 RtoR : Rail to rail output

Recommendable Devices for EV Charger

Isolation Amplifier / Delta-sigma Modulator

Package name (Toshiba)	Function	Part Number	Gain (Ta=25°C)	Supply Current (Max.)	Supply Voltage	Equivalent input resistance	Operating temperature	Isolation Voltage		
				IDD1 (mA) ^{※3}	VDD1 (V)	RIN (kΩ)	T _{opr} (°C)	BVs (Vrms)		
 SO8L	Isolation Amplifier (Analog Output) 	TLP7820	8.2(typ.) RankB: 8.16 to 8.24 RankA: 8.12 to 8.28 None: 7.95 to 8.44 (V/V)	12	4.5 to 5.5	78	-40 to 105	5000		
				10	3.0 to 5.5					
 DIP8	TLP7920			12	4.5 to 5.5	78	-40 to 105	5000		
				10	3.0 to 5.5					
 SO8L	Delta-Sigma Modulator (Digital Output) 	TLP7830	-1 to +1 (%)	12	4.5 to 5.5	78	-40 to 105	5000		
				8	3.0 to 5.5					
 DIP8	TLP7930			12	4.5 to 5.5	78	-40 to 105	5000		
				8	3.0 to 5.5					

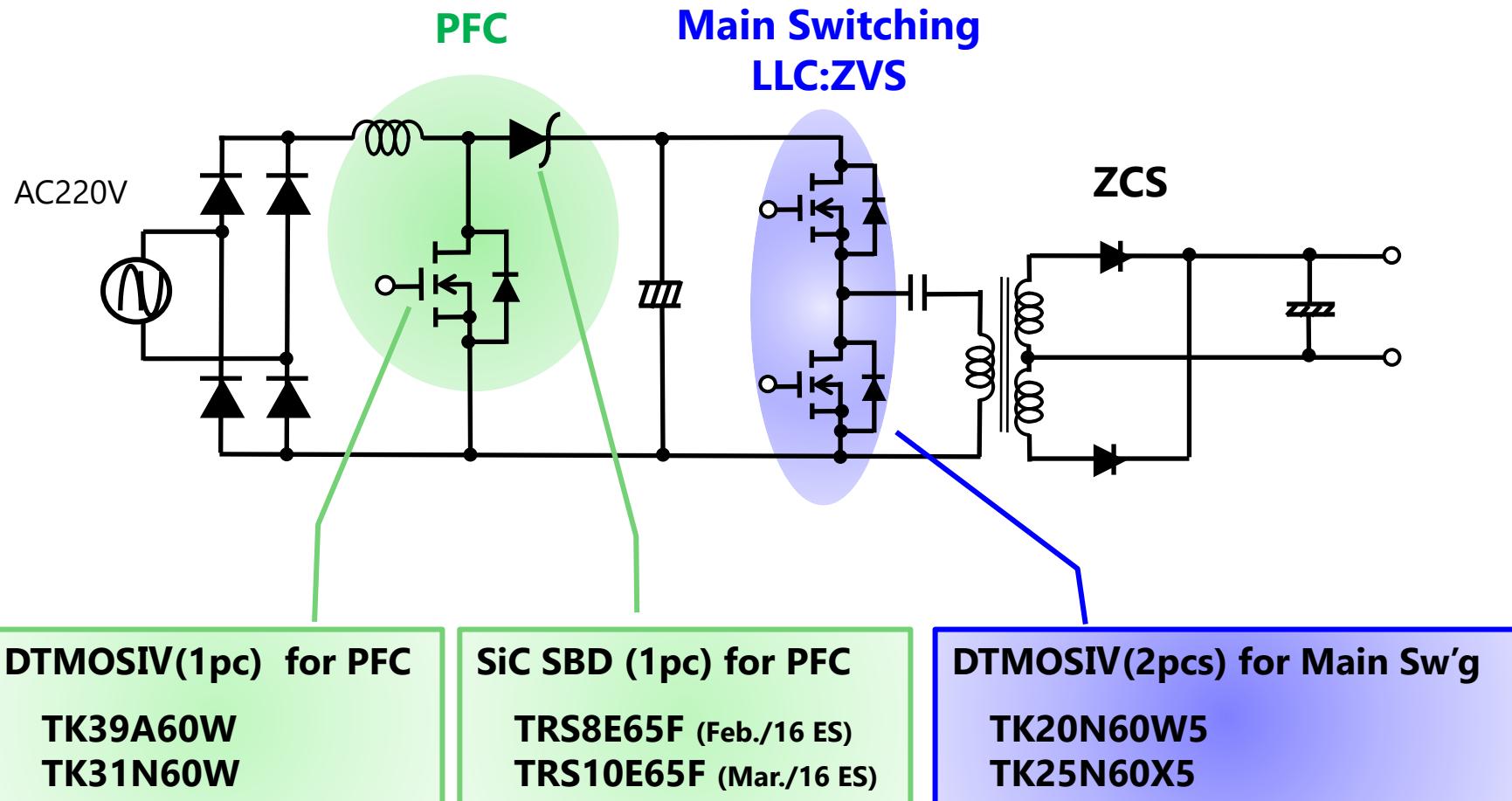
※3 IDD1 : Input side supply current

※4 IDD2 : Output side supply current

Circuit Topology & Example of Recommended Device

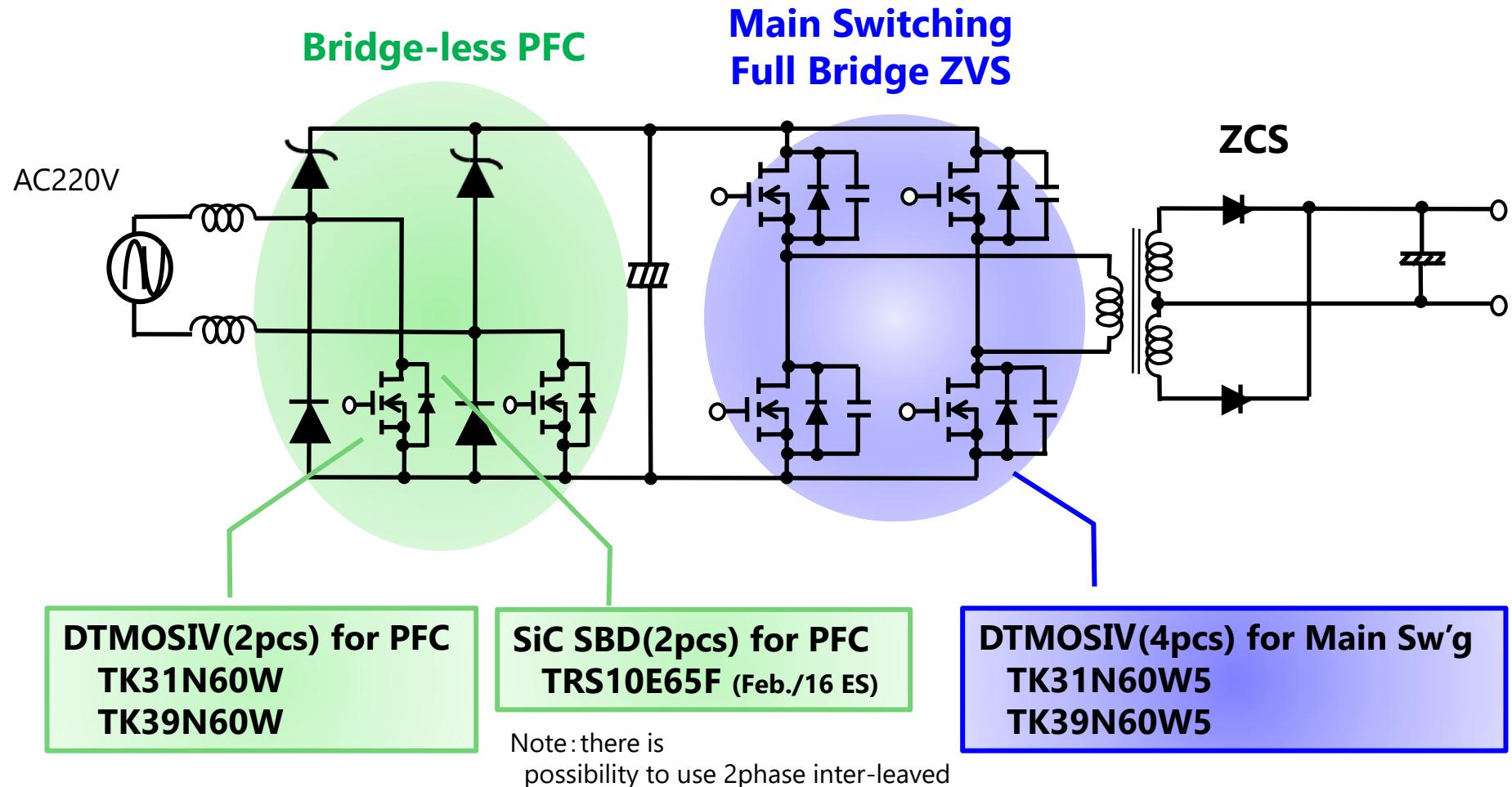
Circuit Topology : 1Φ Input (1)

Single Phase Input : PFC+LLC Solution (1.5kW~ 2.0kW)



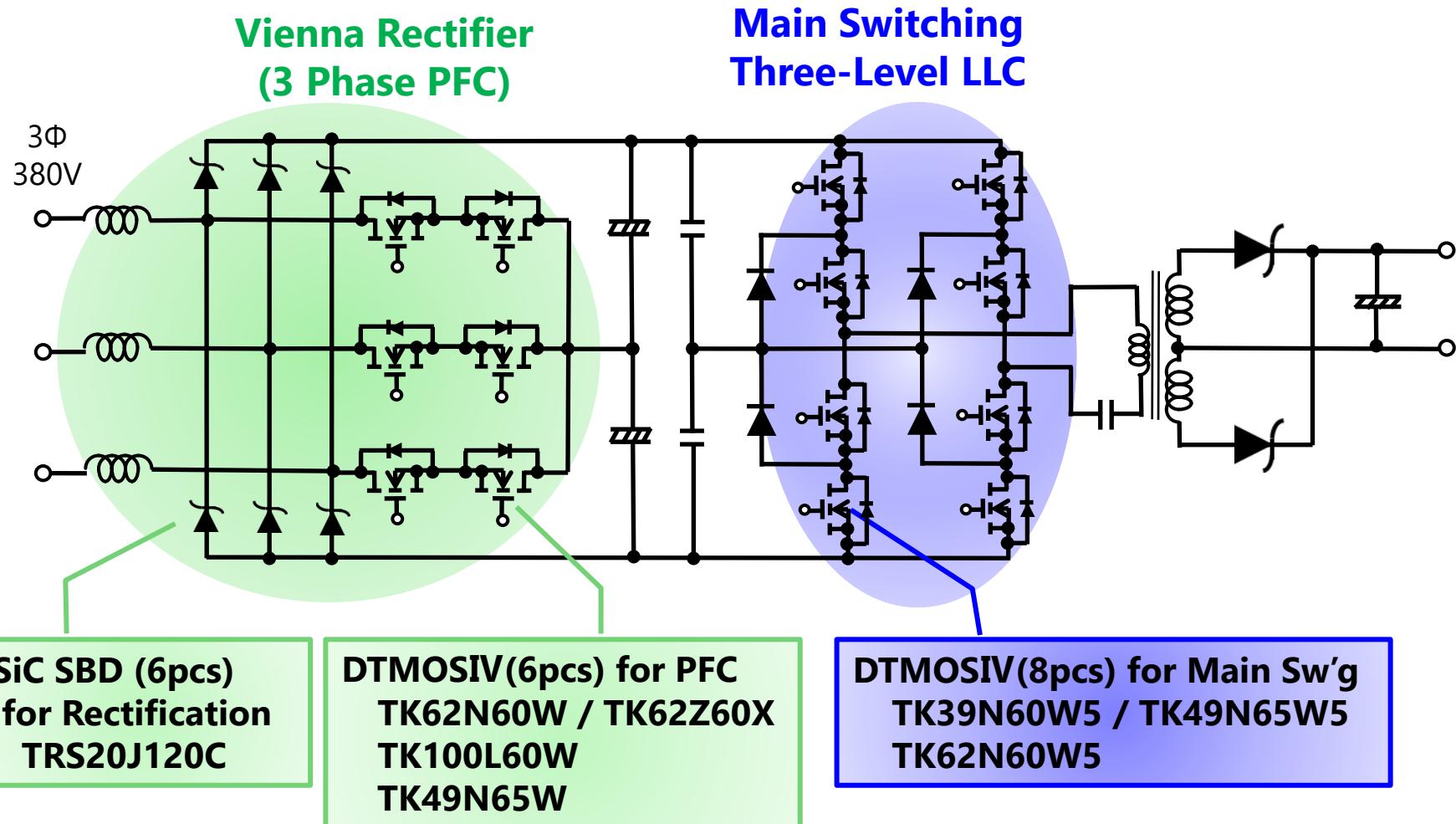
Circuit Topology : 1Φ Input (2)

Single Phase Input : Bridge-less PFC+FB Solution (3.3kW)



Circuit Topology : 3Φ Input (1)

Three Phase Input : Vienna PFC+3Level LLC (6.6 ~15kW)

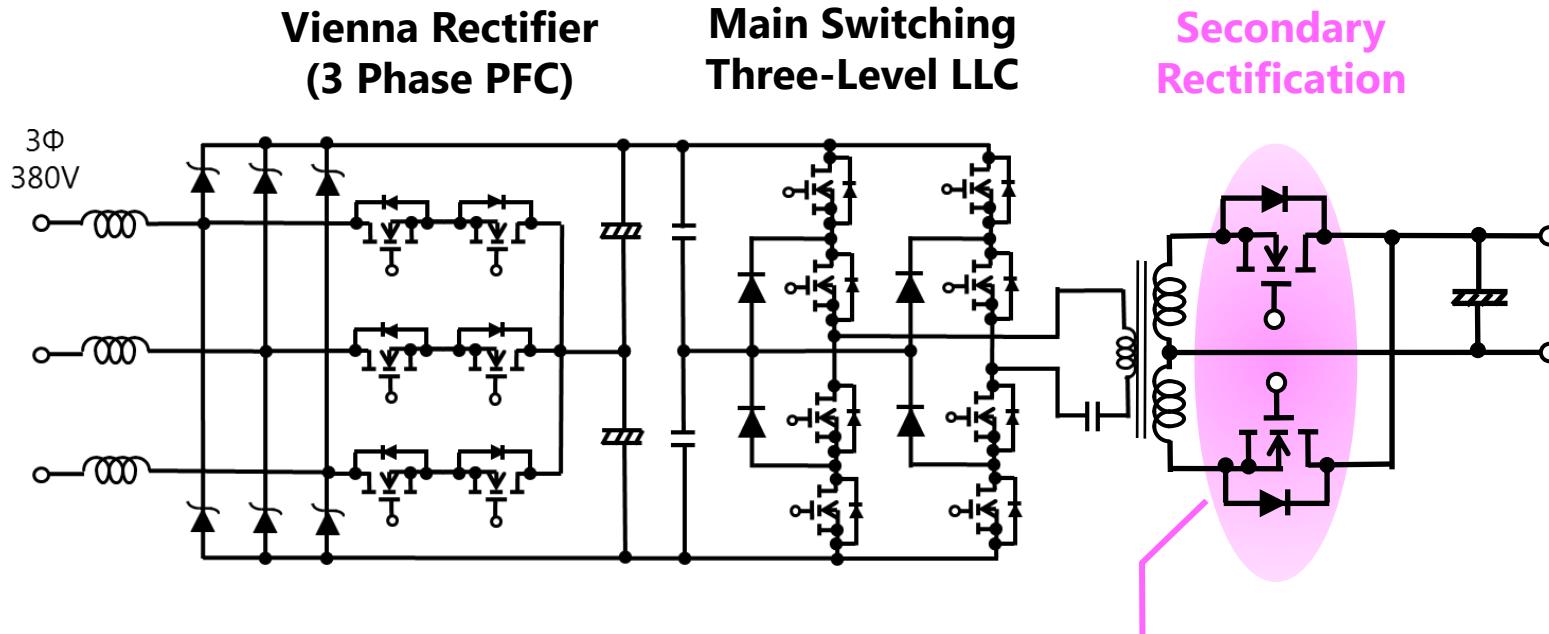


Remarks : MOSFETs will used with 2 parallel operation for exceeding 10kW power.

In future, it will be possible to change 1200V SiC MOSFET instead of the above 600V SJMOS.

Circuit Topology : 3Φ Input (1)

Three Phase Input : Vienna PFC+3Level LLC (< 15kW)
Applied Synchronous Rectification by SiC MOSFET

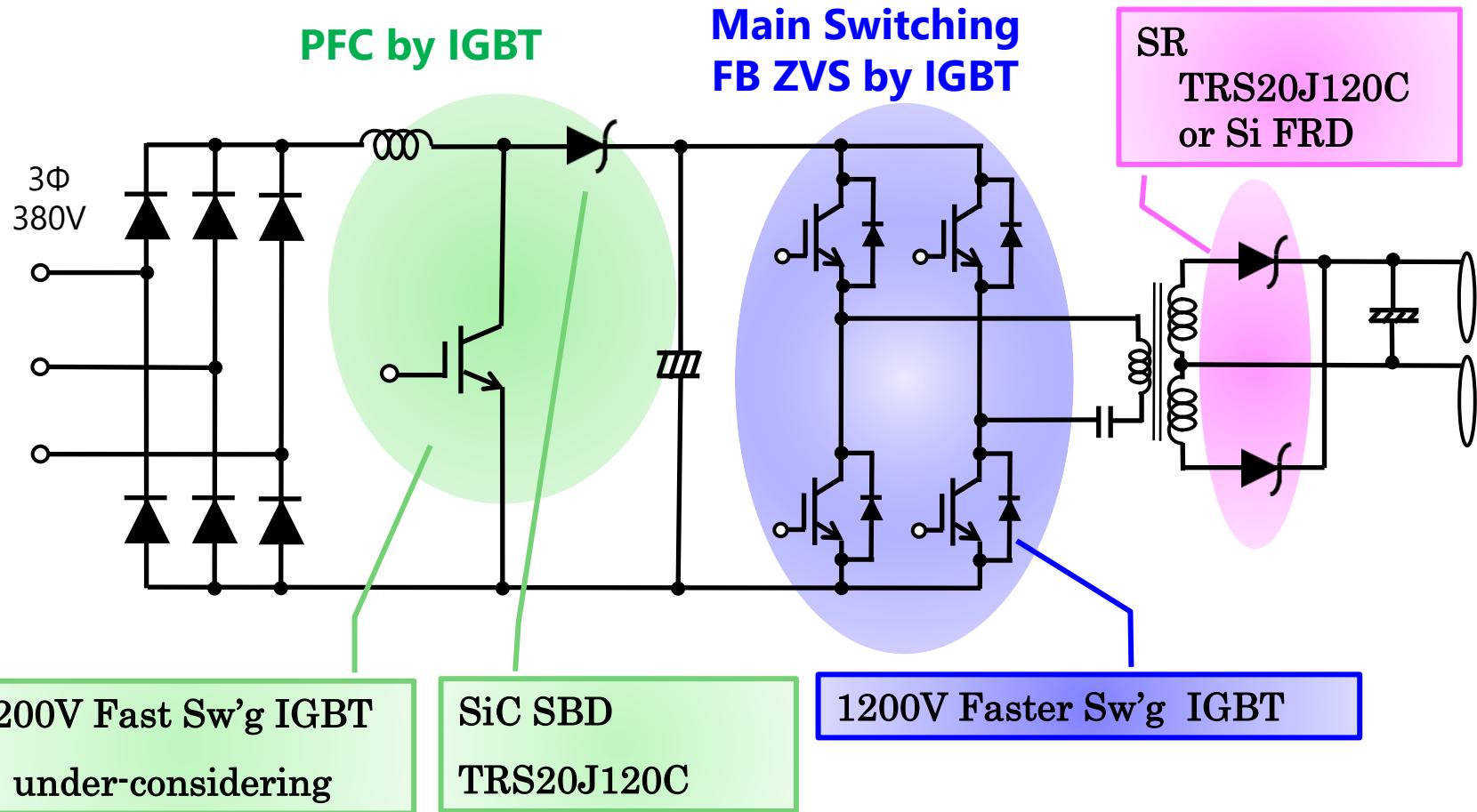


Synchronous Rectification

TW069J120A
(1200V/69mΩ/SiC MOSFET)

Circuit Topology : 3Φ Input (2)

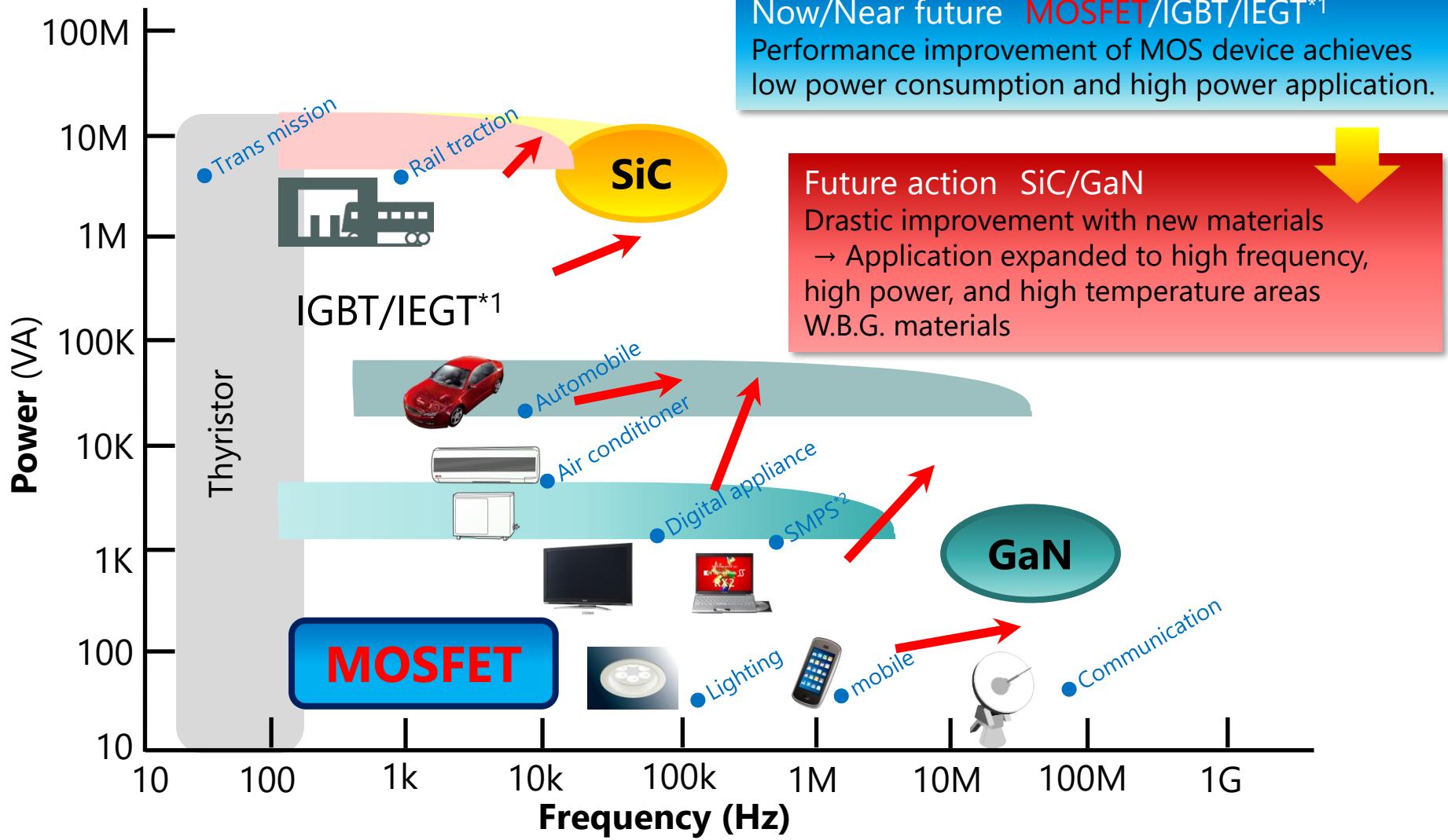
Three Phase Input : IGBT Solution (< 30kW)



Feature of Toshiba Power Devices & Photocoupler

Power MOSFETs

Power Device Market Trend (Power Density)



*1 : IEGT : Injection Enhanced Gate Bipolar Transistor

*2 : SMPS : Switched-mode power supply

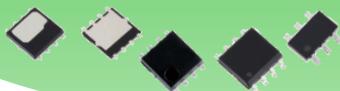
Toshiba's MOSFETs Meet a Wide Range of Application Needs.

Small Low-On-Resistance
MOSFETs
 $V_{DSS}=12\sim60V$

The combination of excellent trench process and packaging technologies provide low on-resistance. This helps to improve the performance of your applications.

Low Voltage
MOSFETs

$V_{DSS}=12V\sim250V$



Mid-High Voltage
MOSFETs

$V_{DSS}=200V\sim900V$



Latest Trench MOS
U-MOSVIII-H / U-MOSIX-H Series

High-efficiency MOSFET series for AC-DC and DC-DC power supplies, fabricated using the latest Gen-8 / 9 trench-gate process

Super-Junction DTMOSIV Series
New π -MOSVII Series

The super-junction DTMOS Series achieves low on-resistance and low gate charge (Q_g) due to the use of the latest super-junction structure.

The latest addition to the π -MOS portfolio, the π -MOSVII Series offers reduced capacitances due to optimized chip design and is available with a greatly wider range of electrical characteristics.

Automotive
MOSFETs

Automotive-grade MOSFETs feature low on-resistance, low capacitance, high current and high quality, and help improve the performance and reduce the power consumption of automotive applications.

Toshiba's POWER MOSFETs

Low Voltage MOSFETs

the latest Gen-8 trench-gate process

U-MOSVII-H Series $V_{DSS} = 20\text{ V to }250\text{ V}$

Development of the **U-MOSIX-H** series is started
by the latest generation

I develop a new package and extend development
for industry, Automotive

LV-MOS



High Voltage MOSFETs

DTMOSIV Standard High-Speed Switching
with a high-speed diode Series $V_{DSS}=600\text{V}, 650\text{V}$
Start the development of the 800V product

π-MOSVII High Voltage ($V_{DSS}=800\text{~}900\text{V}$)

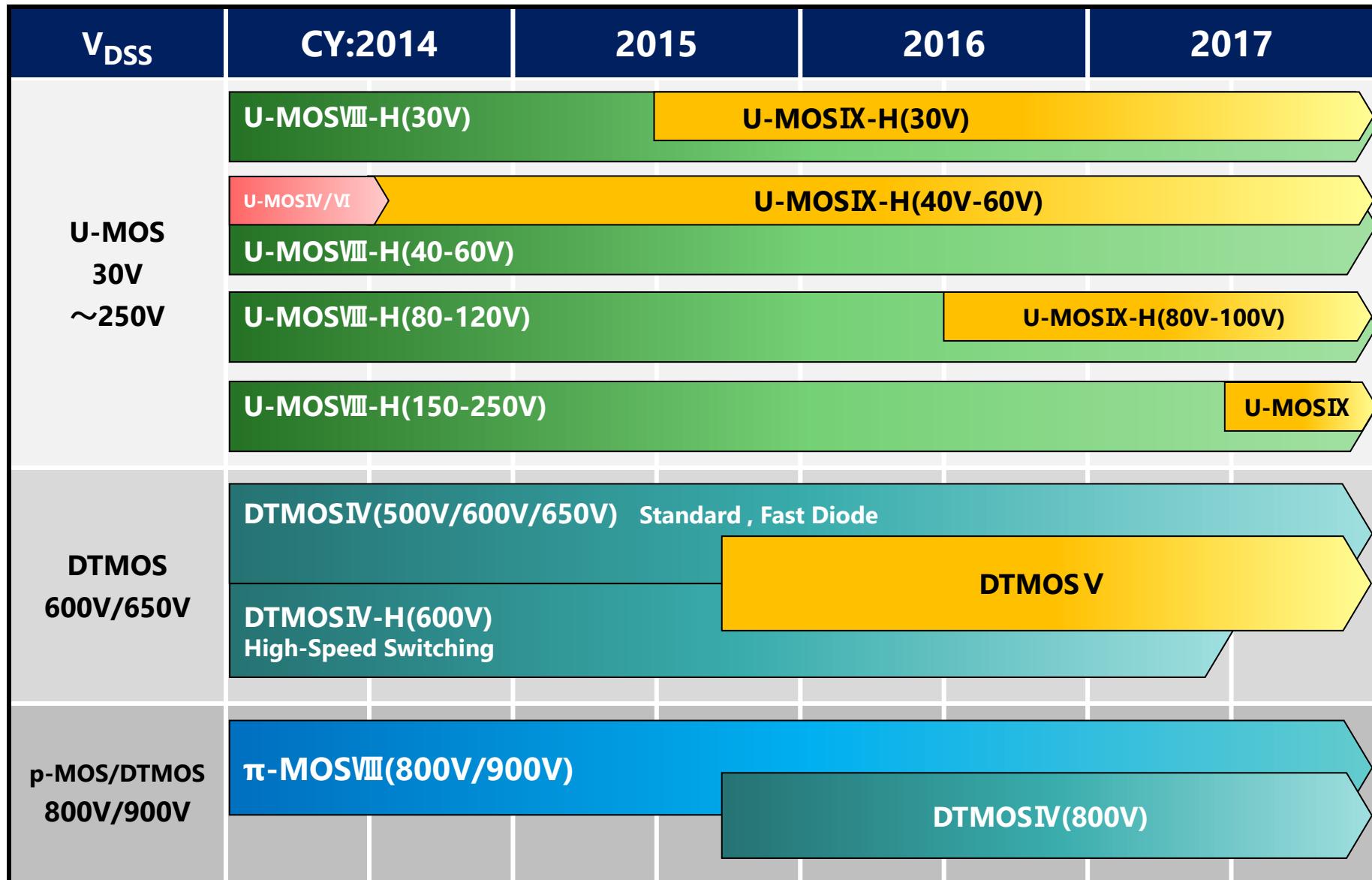
New Package for DTMOSIV-H
TO-247 4pin package for High Power SPS

HV-MOS

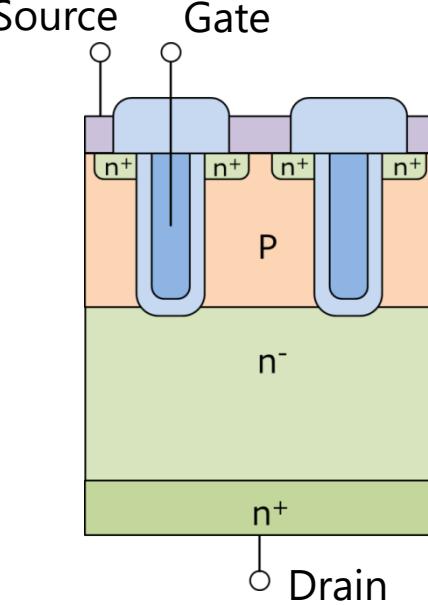
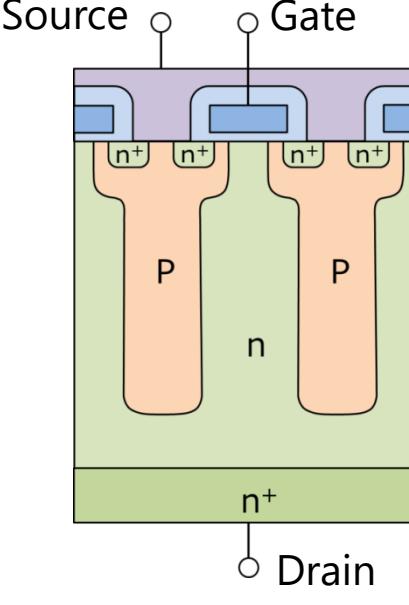
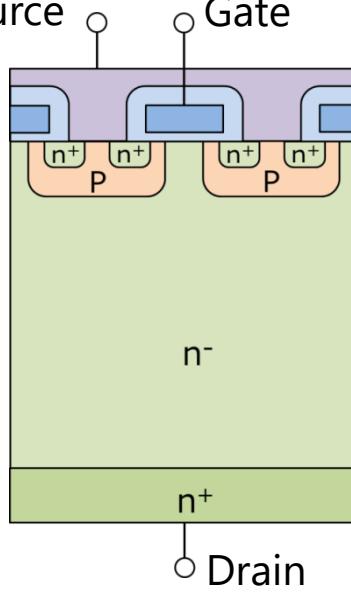


These devices help
to save energy and
improve power
efficiency.

Power MOSFET Design Road Map



Structures of Toshiba MOSFETs

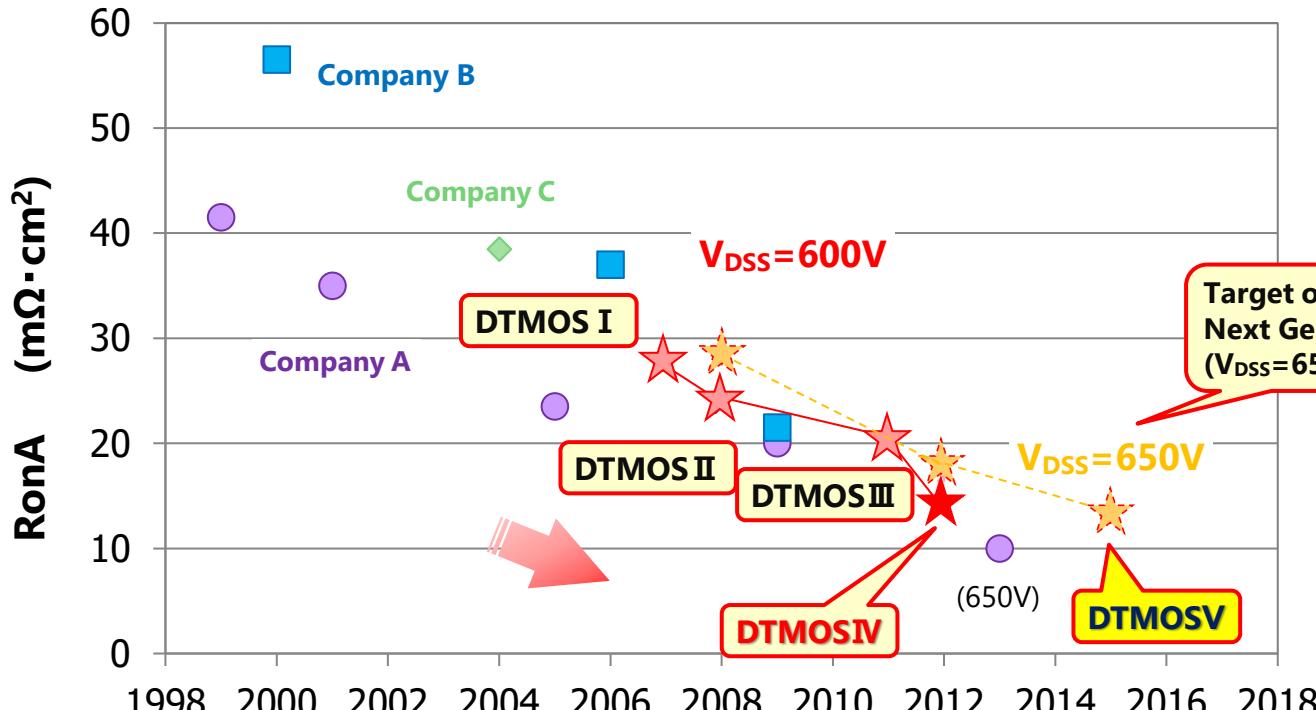
U-MOS	DTMOS	π -MOS
Trench Structure	Super-Junction Structure	Double-Diffusion Structure
 <p>Source Gate n⁺ P n⁻ n⁺ Drain</p>	 <p>Source Gate n⁺ P n P n⁺ Drain</p>	 <p>Source Gate n⁺ P n⁻ n⁺ Drain</p>
<p>Higher channel density is achieved by connecting channels vertically to form a U-groove at the gate region, a structure that yields a lower on-resistance than other MOSFET structures. The trench structure is primarily used for relatively low-VDSS MOSFETs.</p>	<p>The super-junction structure, which has P-type pillar layers as shown at left, realizes high withstand voltage and on-resistance lower than the conventional theoretical limit of silicon.</p>	<p>Toshiba Power MOSFETs use a double-diffusion MOS (D-MOS) structure, which provides high withstand voltage, to form channels. This structure is especially well suited to high withstand voltage and high-current devices. A high level of integration yields a high-performance Power MOSFET with low on-resistance and low power loss.</p>

DTMOS

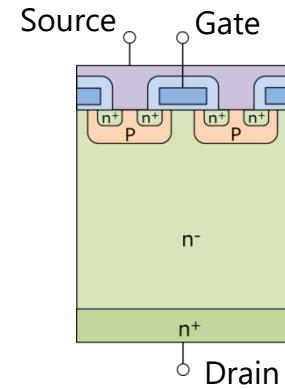
(Toshiba SJMOS)

TOSHIBA SJMOS's (DTMOS) Trend

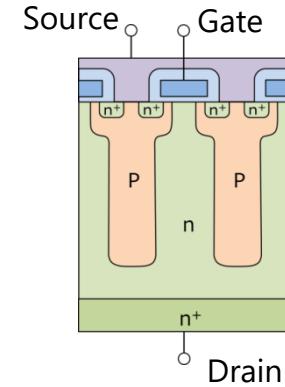
DTMOS supporting higher efficiency & compact design for high power converter, by Lowest RonA and combination with variable packages.



Planer MOSFET
(π -MOS)



Super Junction
MOSFET
(DTMOS)



Variation of DT莫斯IV series

Example : TK31N60



W5

DTMOSIV HSD
High-Speed Body type

For customers who are looking
for solutions to reduce the
recovery loss of body diode of
MOSFET

- ✓ Half-Bridge or Full-Bridge
circuit in AC-DC power
supply
- ✓ Motor drive application

W

DTMOSIV
Standard type

X

DTMOSIV SE-H
Low Qgd & Fast Switching
Speed type

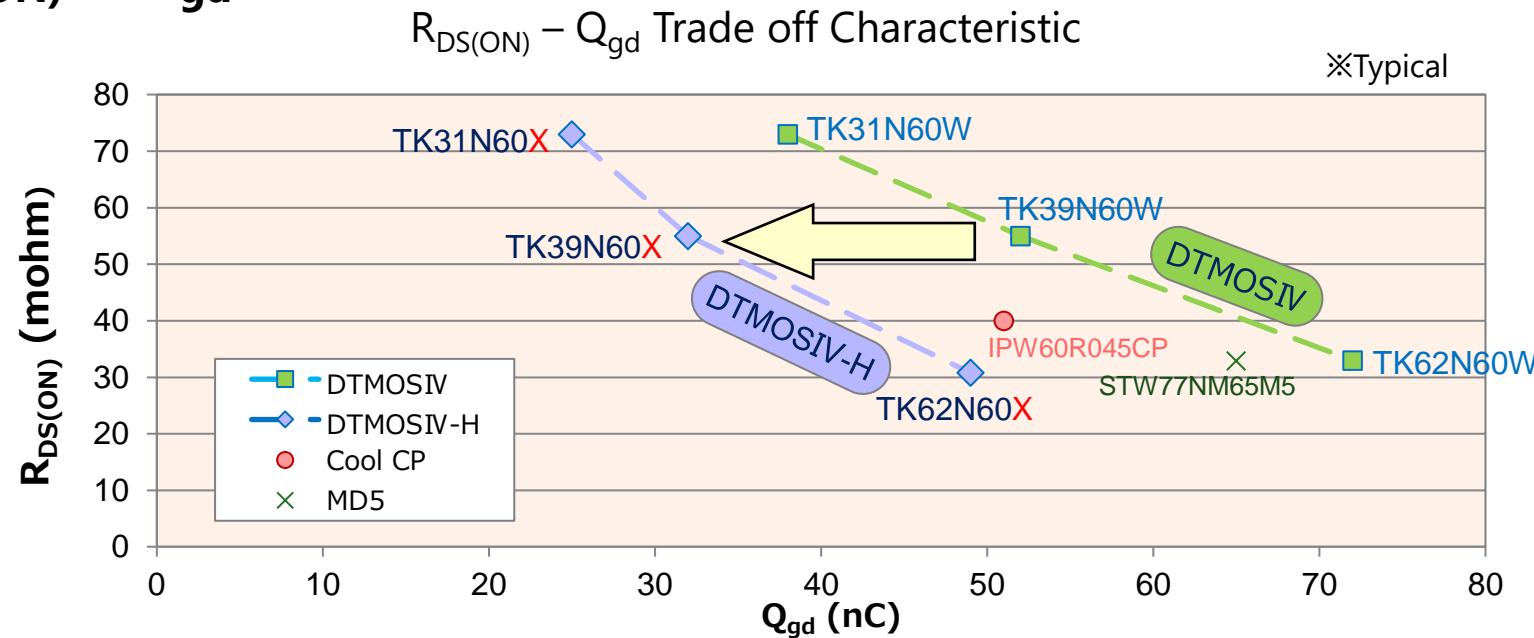
For customers who are looking
for solutions to achieve high-
efficiency

- ✓ PFC circuit in High efficiency
power supply for server,
Telecom or PCS for PV
inverter

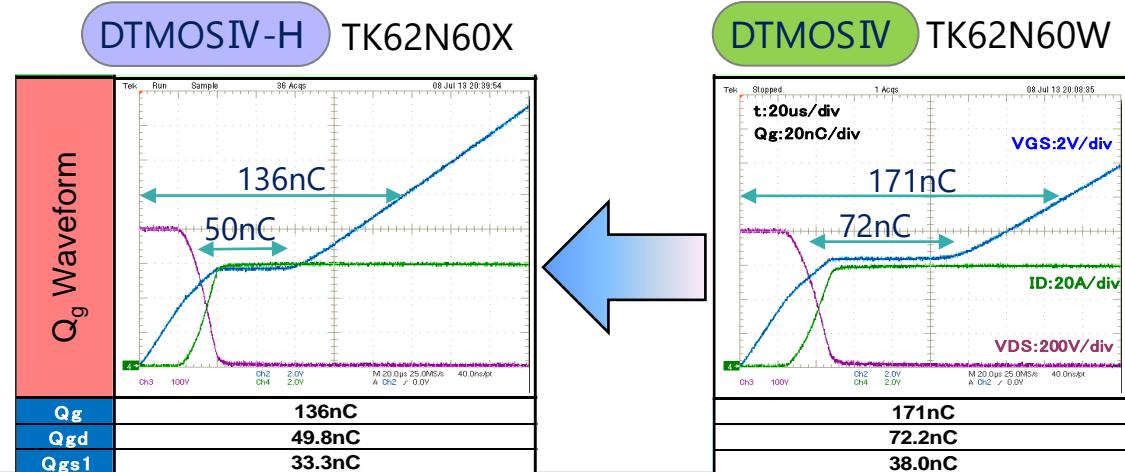
IN TOSHIBA, WE ARE EXPANDING OUR LINEUP IN
ORDER TO COVER WHAT VARIOUS APPLICATIONS NEED

DTMOSIV($V_{DS}=600V$) High speed version "X"

$R_{DS(ON)}$ – Q_{gd} trade-off improvement



This series is based on DTMOSIV technology, but with lower gate capacitance by change in gate design (Q_{gd} decrease by around 30%). → Faster switching leads to higher efficiency



DTMOSIV-H ($V_{DSS}=600V$) High-Speed Switching series

Classification expressed by last letter of part name

"W" ... Standard type

"X" ... High-speed switching type



I_D (A)	$R_{DS(ON)}$ MAX (Ω)	Q_g (nC)	8x8mm DFN		TO-220		TO-220SIS		TO-3P(N)		TO-247		TO-247 4pin
			W	X	W	X	W	X	W	W	X	X	
15.8	0.19	38	-	TK16V60W		TK16E60W		TK16A60W		TK16J60W	TK16N60W		
20	0.155/ 0.17	48	-	TK20V60W (0.17 Ω)		TK20E60W		TK20A60W		TK20J60W	TK20N60W		
25	0.125/ 0.135	-	40		TK25V60X (0.135 Ω)		TK25E60X		TK25A60X			TK25N60X	TK25Z60X Under development
30.8	0.088/ 0.098	86	65	TK31V60W (0.098 Ω)	TK31V60X (0.098 Ω)	TK31E60W	TK31E60X	TK31A60W		TK31J60W	TK31N60W	TK31N60X	TK31Z60X Under development
38.8	0.065	110	85					TK39A60W		TK39J60W	TK39N60W	TK39N60X	TK39Z60X Under development
61.8	0.040	180	135							TK62J60W	TK62N60W	TK62N60X	TK62Z60X Under development

Under
Investigation

Making
ES

ES
available

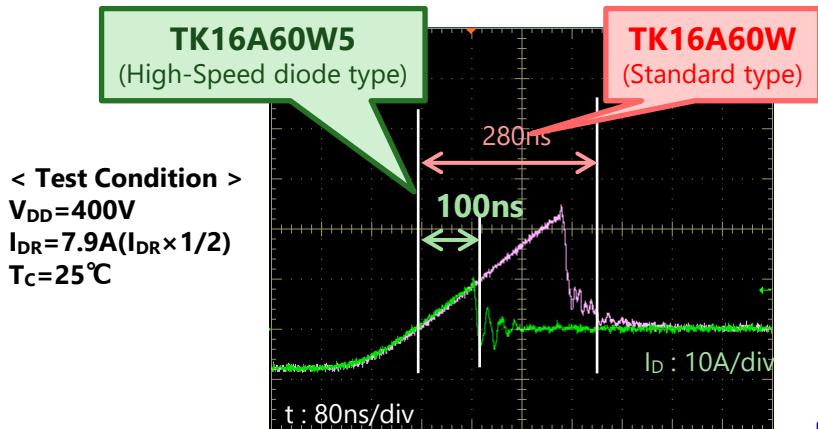
Under
MP

Note: Specification and schedule of products under development are subject to change.

DTMOSIV High-Speed (Fast Recovery) Diode Ver. "W5"

Fast body diode version based on DTMOSIV, which make more efficient

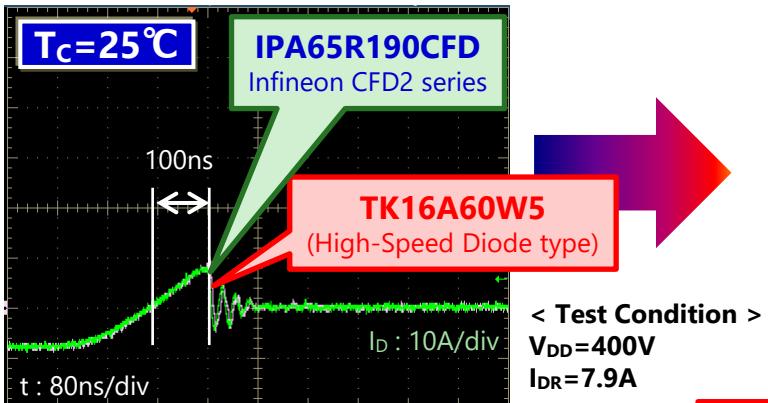
High-Speed body diode



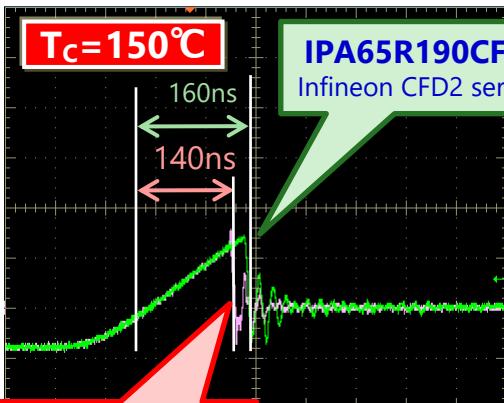
Comparison for Specification

Type	Standard	High Speed Diode
Part No.	TK16A60W	TK16A60W5
Rating	600V / 15.8A	600V / 15.8A
On Resistance ($R_{DS(ON)}$)	0.19Ω MAX	0.23Ω MAX
Reverse Recovery time (t_{rr})	280ns	100ns

Better temperature coefficience



High-Speed body diode can reduce "Recovery Loss" due to 70% faster reverse recovery time



More lower switching loss at high temperature can be achieved by better temperature dependency of DTMOSIV.

DTMOSIV ($V_{DSS}=600V$, w/Fast Diode) series Product Lineup

I_D (A)	$R_{DS(ON)}$ MAX (Ω)	DPAK (TO-252)	D2PAK (TO-263)	8x8mm DFN	TO-220	TO-220SIS	TO-3P(N)	TO-247	Q_g (nC) Typ.	C_{iss} ($V_{DS}=300V$) (pF) Typ.	t_{rr} (ns) Typ.
5	0.95 / 0.99	TK5P60W5 (0.99 Ω) Under development				TK5A60W5 Under development			11.5	370	65
7	0.65 / 0.67	TK7P60W5 (0.67 Ω)				TK7A60W5			16	490	75
8	0.54 / 0.56	TK8P60W5 (0.56 Ω)				TK8A60W5			22	590	80
9.7	0.45					TK10A60W5			23	720	85
15.8	0.23 / 0.24		TK16G60W5	TK16V60W5 (0.24 Ω) Under development	TK16E60W5	TK16A60W5	TK16J60W5	TK16N60W5	43	1350	100
20	0.175 / 0.19			TK20V60W5 (0.19 Ω)	TK20E60W5	TK20A60W5	TK20J60W5	TK20N60W5	55	1800	110
25	0.14 / 0.15	High-Speed Switching "X" w/HSD		TK25V60X5 (0.15 Ω) Under development	TK25E60X5	TK25A60X5		TK25N60X5	60	2400	120
30.8	0.099 / 0.109			TK31V60W5 (0.109 Ω)			TK31J60W5	TK31N60W5	105	3000	135
38.8	0.074						TK39J60W5	TK39N60W5	135	4100	150
61.8	0.045						TK62J60W5	TK62N60W5	205	7100	170

Under
Investigation

Making
ES

ES
available

Under
MP

Note: Specification and schedule of products under development
are subject to change.

DTMOSIV ($V_{DSS}=650V$, w/Fast Diode) series Product Lineup

I_D (A)	$R_{DS(ON)}$ MAX (Ω)	I2PAK (TO-262)	D2PAK (TO-263)	DFN8x8	TO-220	TO-220SIS	TO-247		C_{iss} ($V_{DS}=300V$) (μF) Typ.	t_{rr} (ns) Typ.
13.7	0.30	TK14C65W5	TK14G65W5		TK14E65W5	TK14A65W5	TK14N65W5	40	1300	100
17.3	0.23					TK17A65W5		50	1800	110
(22)	(0.19 /0.20)			TK(22)V65X5 Under development		TK(22)A65X5 Under development		TBD	TBD	TBD
27.6	0.13 /(0.14)			TK28V65W5 Under development			TK28N65W5	90	3000	115
35	0.095					TK35A65W5	TK35N65W5	115	4100	130
49.2	0.057						TK49N65W5	185	6500	145



Note: Specification and schedule of products under development are subject to change.

Advantage of New Package for Hi-power SPS: TO-247 4L

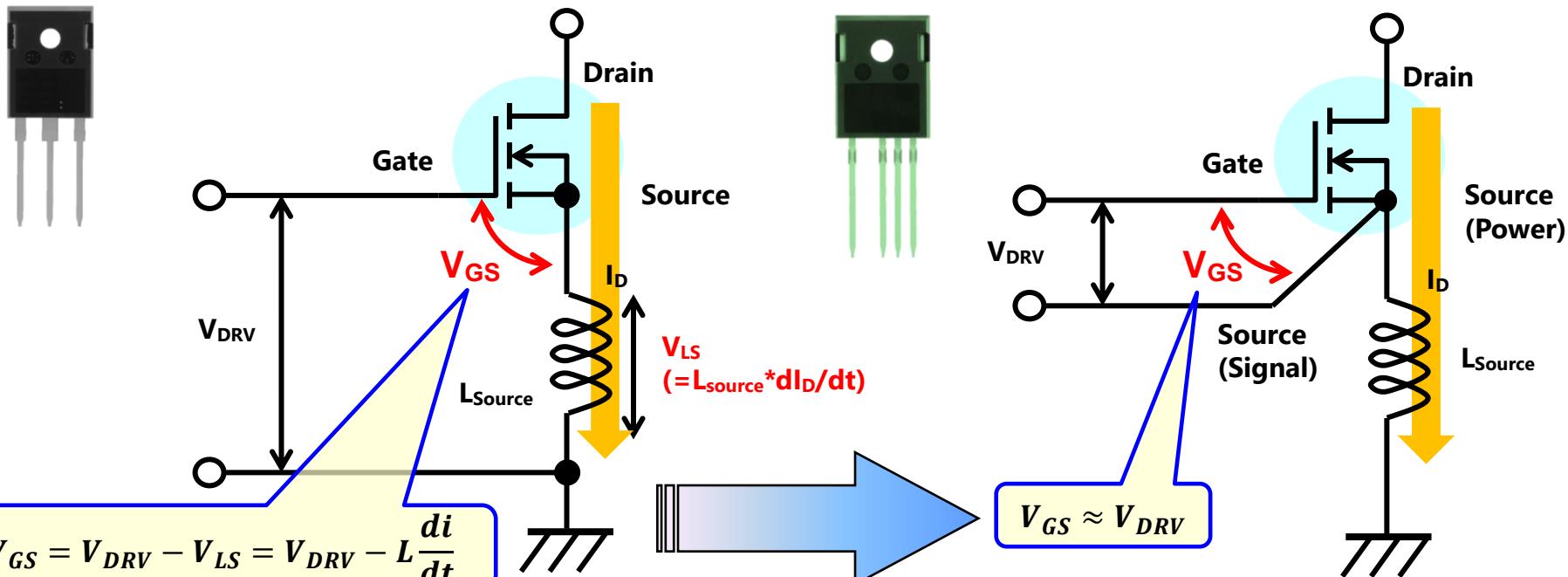
While packages such as TO-247 are usually used for high-speed switching and high current applications, big package size causes longer internal wiring causing larger internal inductance. TO-247-4L is developed to eliminate the effect of the internal source inductance when driving FET by separating signal source pin.

For 3pin package (TO-247)

Both the source wire inductance (L_{source}) and drain current slope (dI_D/dt) induced reverse voltage affects gate-source voltage (V_{GS}) when driving the FET.

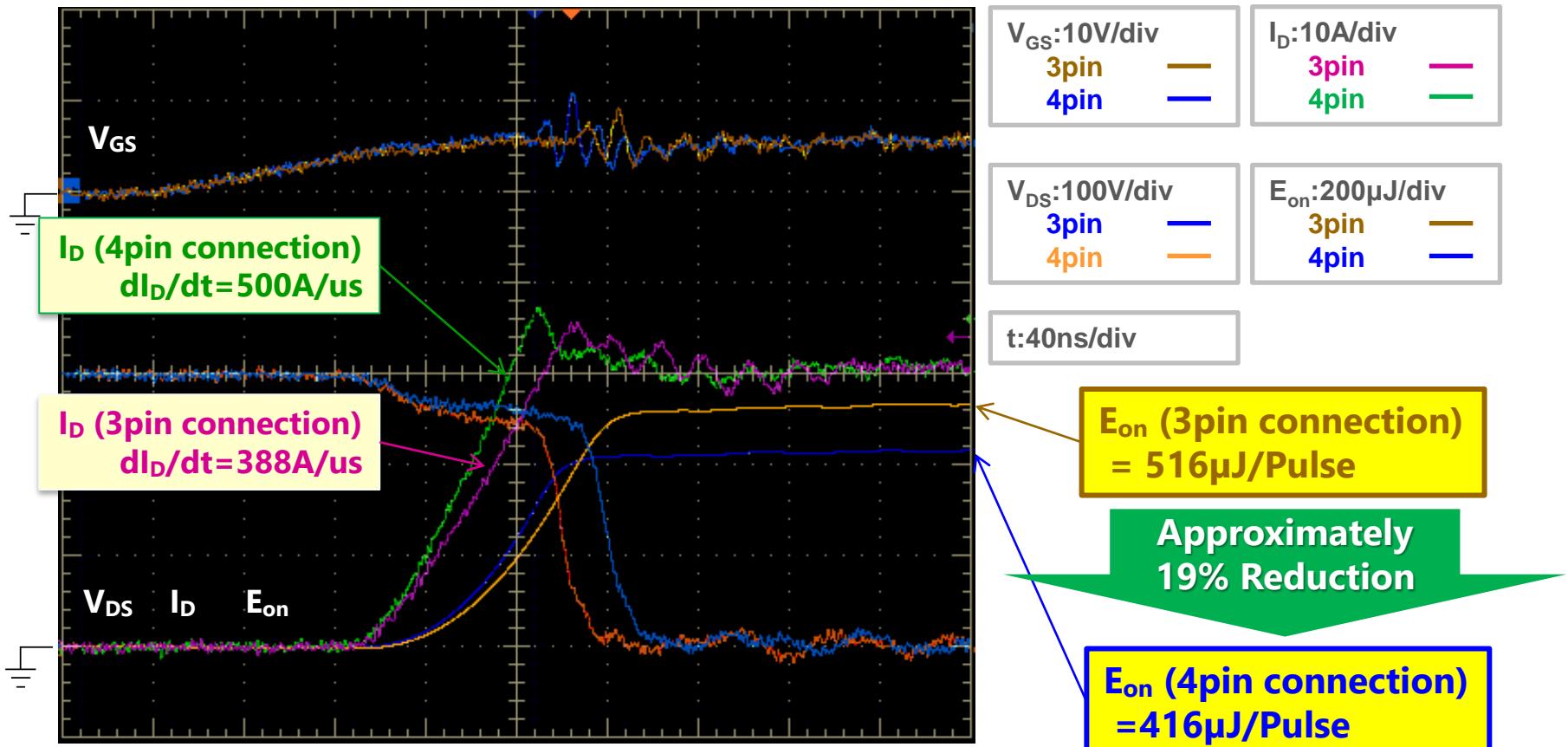
For 4pin package (TO-247-4L)

Effect of source wire inductance (L_{source}) and drain current slope (dI_D/dt) induced reverse voltage is eliminated by separating signal source wire, which optimizes high-switching capability.



Turn-On Loss Reduction by TO-247 4L

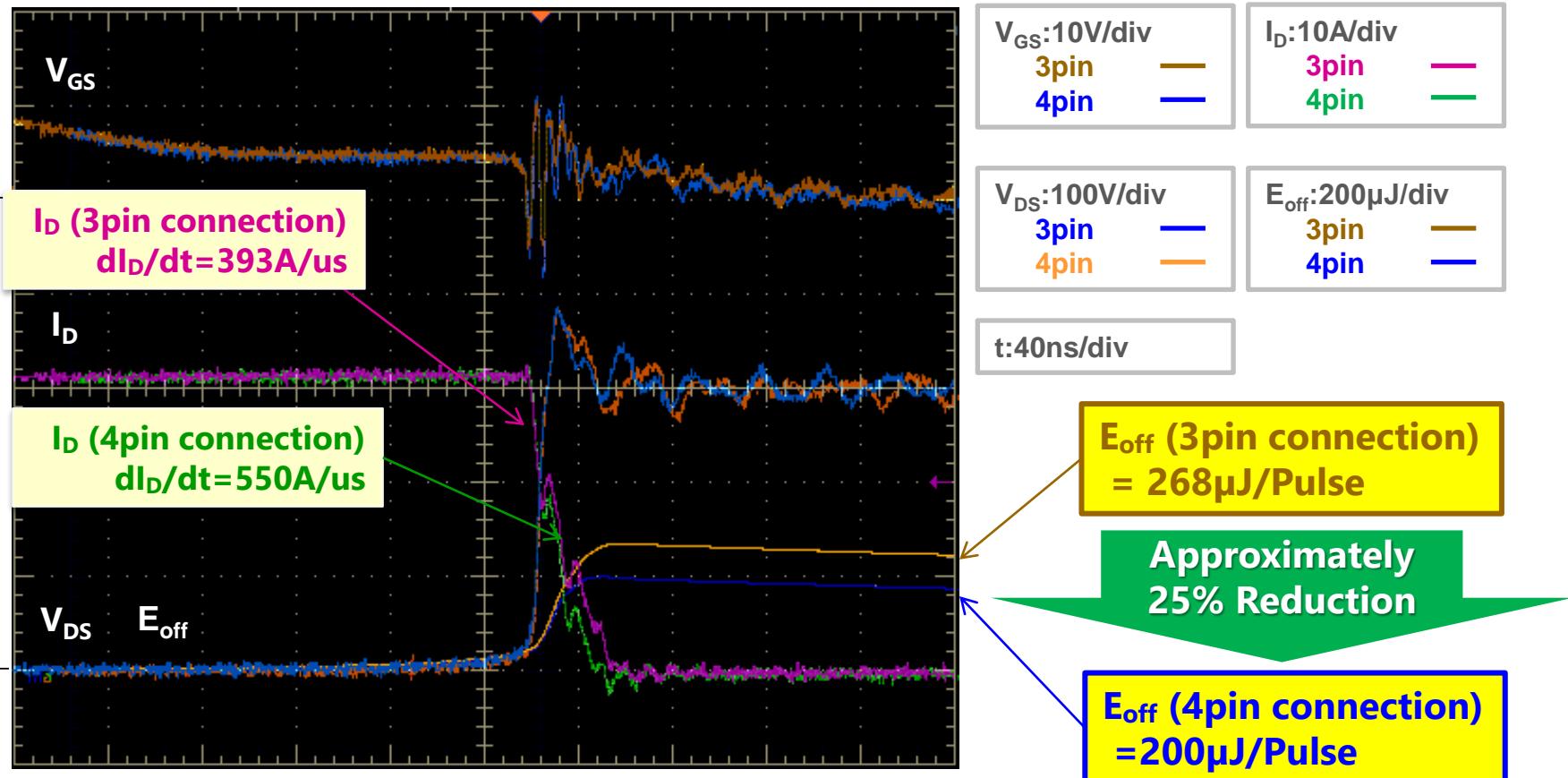
Part No. : TK62Z60X (600V, 0.040ΩMAX.)
Test Condition : $V_{DD}=300V$, $V_{GG}=+10V/0V$, $I_D=30.9A$, $R_G=27\Omega$, $L=0.5mH$, $T_a=25^\circ C$



E_{on} reduction available by using “Signal source” terminal.

Turn-Off Loss Reduction by TO-247 4L

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E_{off} reduction available by Signal source terminal.

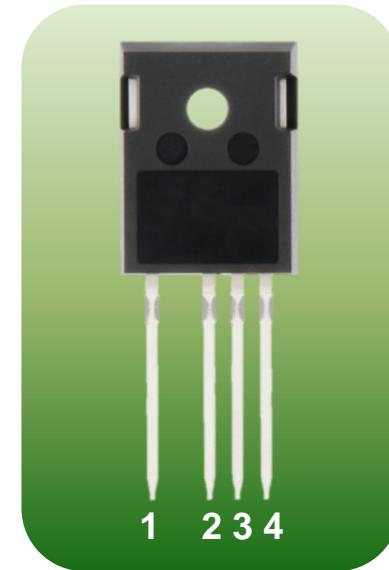
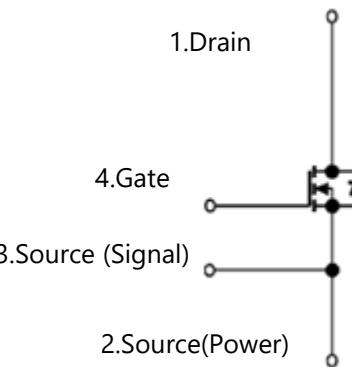
Lineup of New Package for Hi-power SPS: TO-247 4L

Concept & Feature

- ✓ Expanding a lineup with DTMOSIV-H (Fast Switching type) series.
- ✓ By excluding a Source Inductance from driving circuit.
→ To improve switching behavior and efficiency by reducing switching losses

Package Image & Pin configuration

1. Drain
2. Source (Power)
3. Source (Signal)
4. Gate



Line up Idea & Target Schedule

Chip Design	Part No.	V _{DSS} & R _{DS(ON)} max	Schedule (CY)				
			2015/1Q	2015/2Q	2015/3Q	2015/4Q	2016/1Q
DTMOSIV-H	TK25Z60X	600V 125mΩ	ES			MP	
	TK31Z60X	600V 88mΩ	ES			MP	
	TK39Z60X	600V 65mΩ		ES		MP	
	TK62Z60X	600V 40mΩ	ES			MP	

Note: Specifications of products under development may change without prior notice.

SiC SBD

Design Road Map for SiC Product

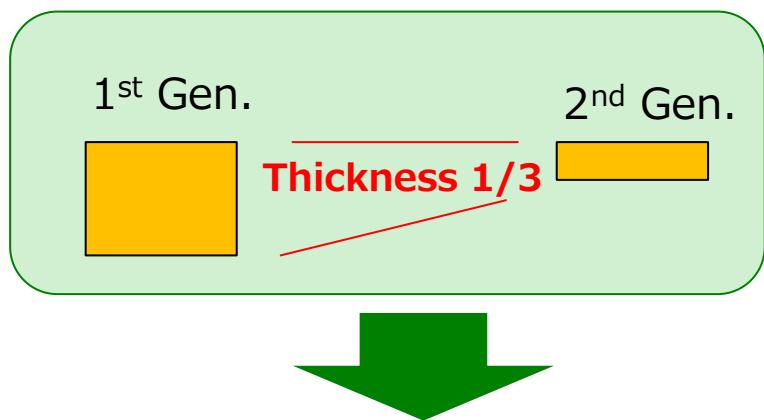
	14(FY)				15(FY)				16(FY)	
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q
SiC SBD 650V	1st Generation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •PKG Line Up •Current Rating $I_F = 6A, 8A, 10A, 12A, 16A, 20A, 24A$							TO-220-2L	TO-247	TO-220F-2L
	2nd Generation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Concept <p>Downsizing of Die \Rightarrow Cost Performance UP I_{FSM} Up \Rightarrow Destruction Ability Up</p>									
SiC SBD 1.2kV			1st Generation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •PKG Line Up •Current Rating $I_F = 20A$					TO-3P(N)		
			1st Generation <ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Target Spec $V_{DD} = 1200V / R_{DS(ON)} = 69m\Omega_{max}$					TO-3P(N)		

Development Concept of 2nd Gen. 650V SiC SBD (1)

Improved Forward Performance by thinner Wafer process

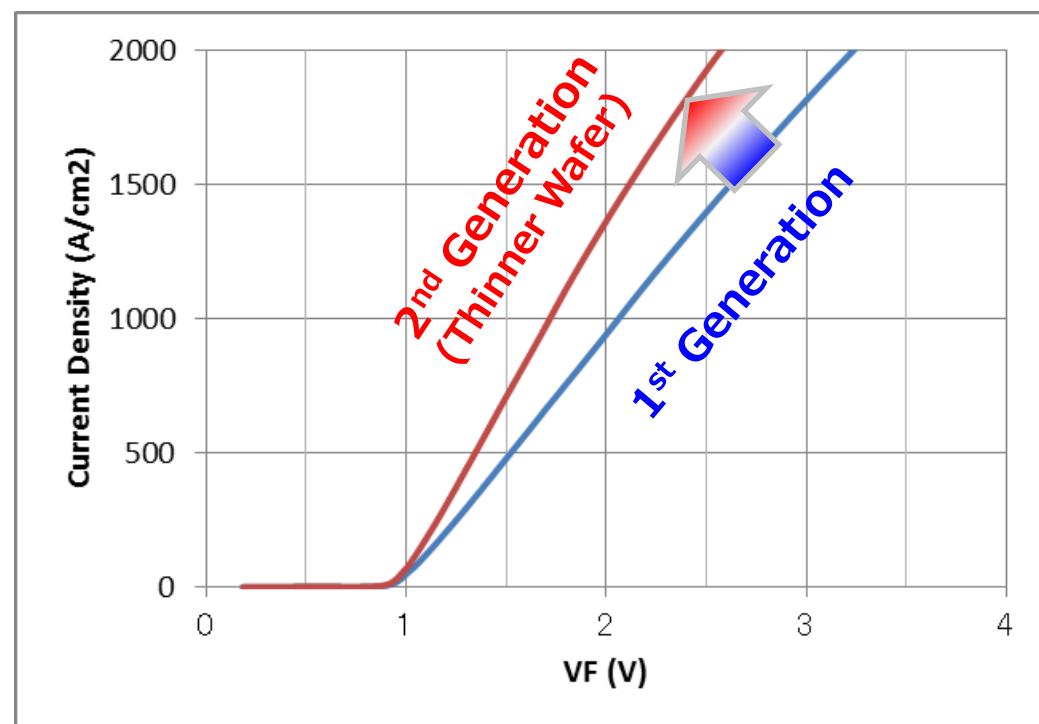
$$R_{on} = 1.2 \text{ m}\Omega \Rightarrow 0.8 \text{ m}\Omega \cdot \text{cm}^2$$

Thinner Wafer Technology in 2nd Generation



"Forward on resistance"
per unit area
is Reduced to **2/3 level**
compared with 1st Generation's

Current Density – Forward Drop (@Rated Current Region)

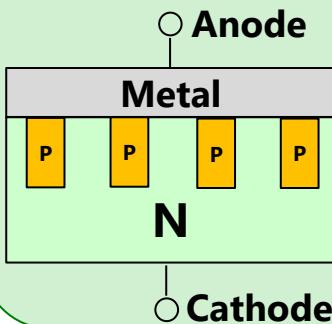


Development Concept of 2nd Gen. 650V SiC SBD

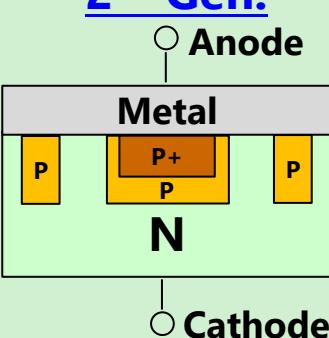
Much improved Forward Drop Characteristic by MPS structure, and Surge Current Capability also improved

MPS Techology in 2nd Generation

1st Gen.

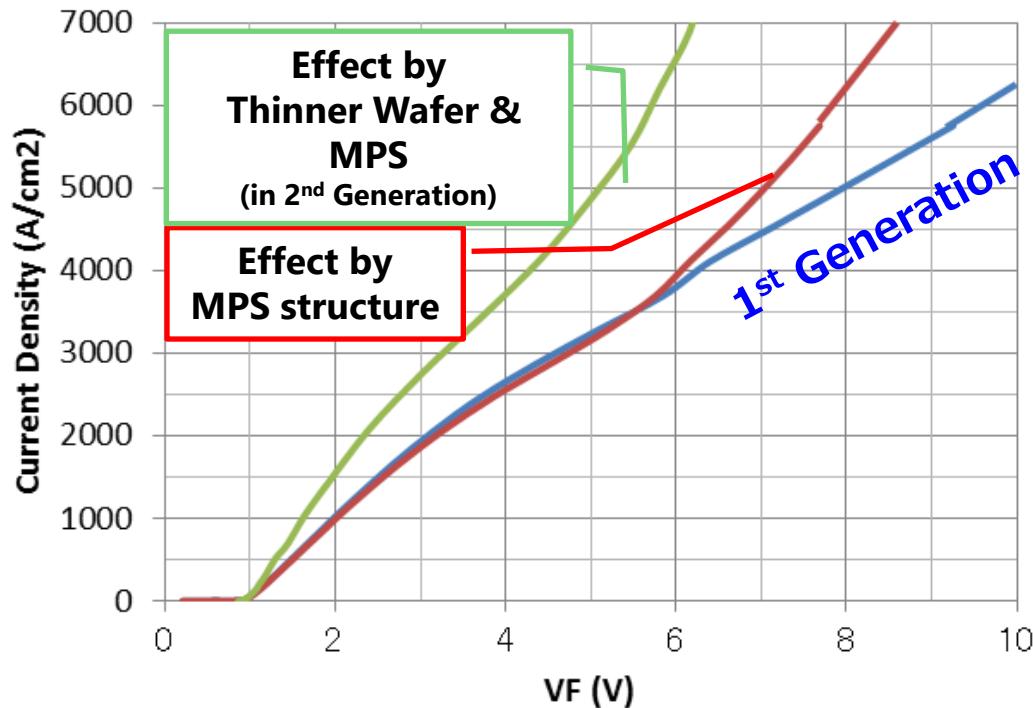


2nd Gen.



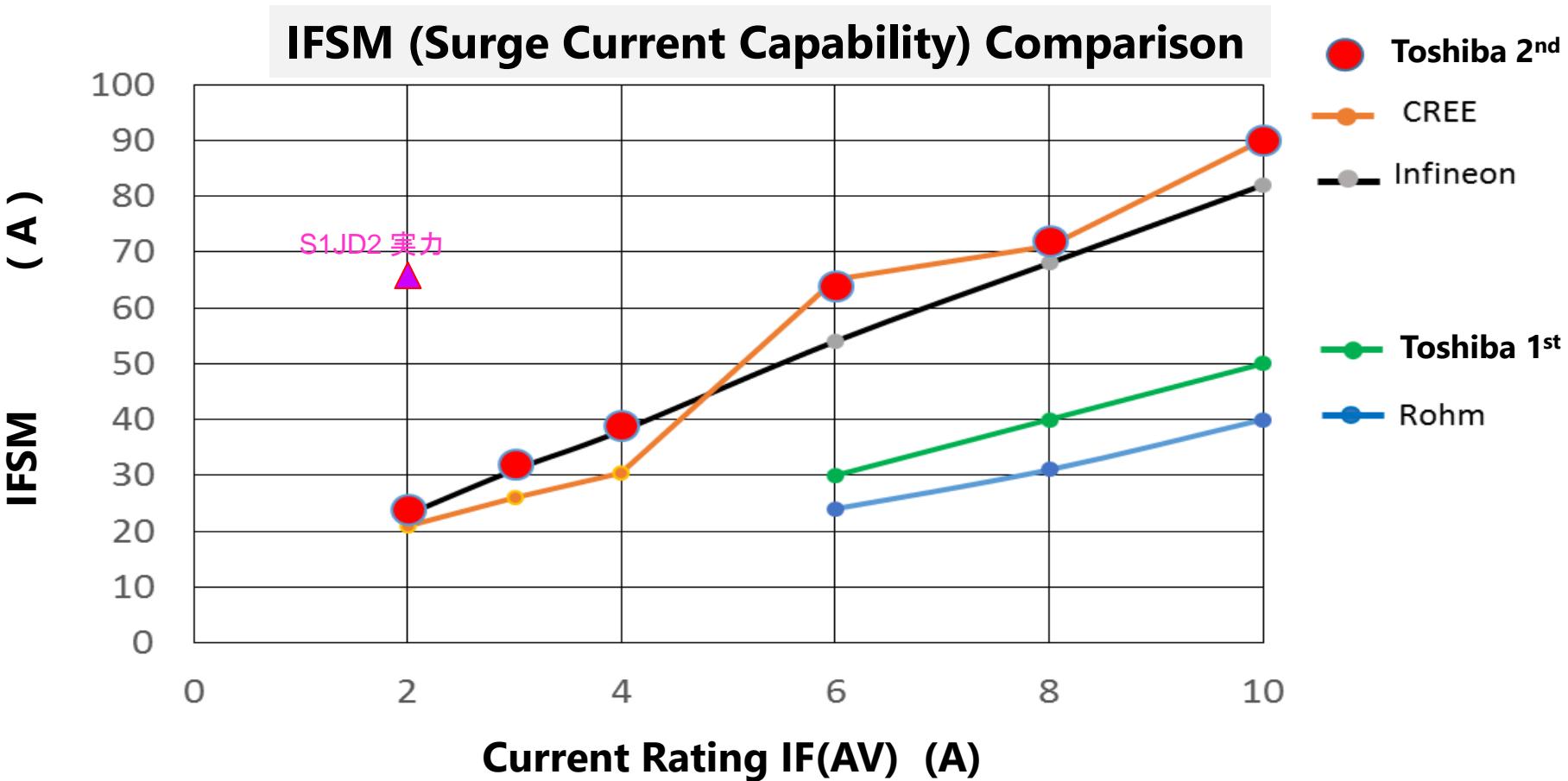
Improved I_{FSM} Capability

Current Density – Forward Drop (@Hi-current Region)

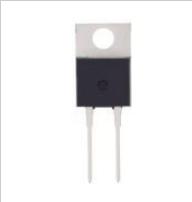
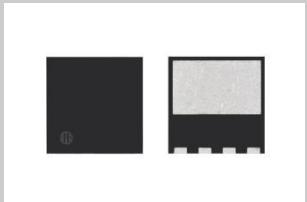


Note MPS: Merged Pin Schottky barrier diode

2nd Gen. SiC SBD IFSM Capability



2nd Gen. 650V SiC SBD Line up Plan

V _{RRM} (V)	Current rating (A)	TO-220-2L (2Leads)	TO-220F-2L (2Leads)	DPAK	8×8DFN
					
650	2	TRS2E65F ES: May./'16 MP: Sep./'16		TRS2P65F	
	3	TRS3E65F ES: May./'16 MP: Sep./'16		TRS3P65F	
	4	TRS4E65F ES: Mar./'16 MP: July./'16	TRS4A65F ES: Mar./'16 MP: Aug./'16	TRS4P65F	TRS4V65F
	6	TRS6E65F ES: Feb./'16 MP: June/'16	TRS6A65F ES: Mar./'16 MP: July/'16	TRS6P65F	TRS6V65F
	8	TRS8E65F ES: Mar./'16 MP: July/'16	TRS8A65F ES: Apr./'16 MP: Aug./'16	TRS8P65F	TRS8V65F
	10	TRS10E65F ES: Feb./'16 MP: June/'16	TRS10A65F ES: Mar./'16 MP: July/'16	TRS10P65F	TRS10V65F

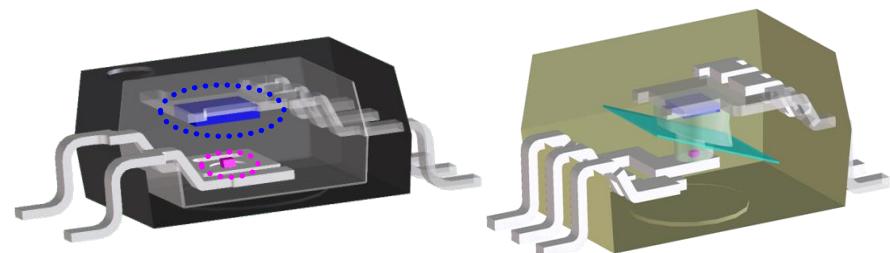
1st Gen 650V /1200VSiC SBD Line up

V _{RRM} (V)	Current rating (A)	TO-220 -2L (2Leads)	TO-220F-2L (2Leads)	TO-247 (Center Tap)	TO-3PN
					
650	6	TRS6E65C MP:OK	TRS6A65C MP:OK		
	8	TRS8E65C MP:OK	TRS8A65C MP:OK		
	10	TRS10E65C MP:OK	TRS10A65C MP:OK		
	12	TRS12E65C MP:OK	TRS12A65C MP:OK	TRS12N65D MP:OK	
	16		TRS16A65C MP:OK	TRS16N65D MP:OK	
	20			TRS20N65D MP:OK	
	24			TRS24N65D MP:OK	
1200	20				TRS20J120C MP:OK

IC coupler

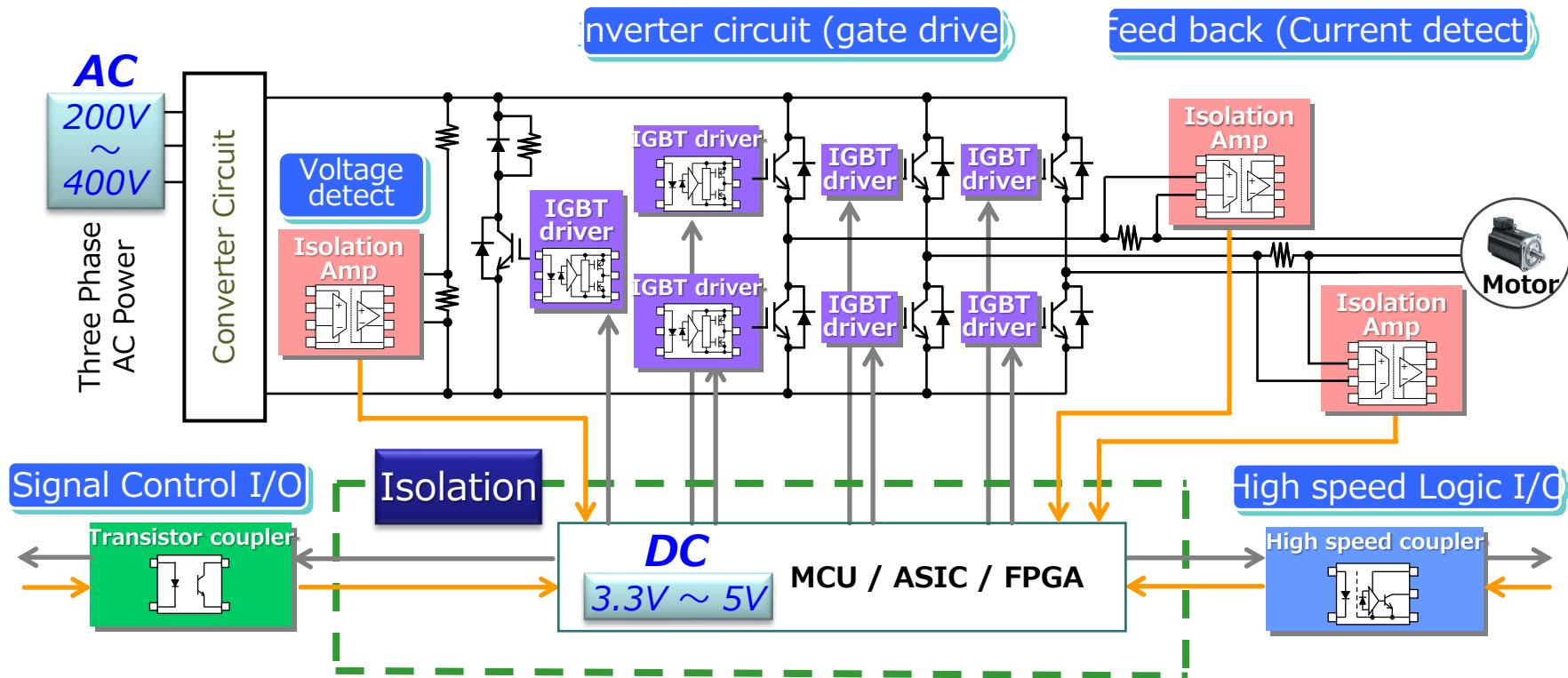
■ IGBT/MOSFET Driver Couplers

- IPM Driver Couplers
- High Speed Couplers
- Isolation amplifier



TOSHIBA Photocouplers for Inverter system

Block diagram



NEW
Signal control I/O TLP383 TLP293
0.5mA Low input Tr coupler
TLP383 / TLP293
LED input current
 $I_{FHL} \leq 5\mu A$

NEW
IGBT Gate driver TLP5214 TLP5754
Smart gate driver :
TLP5214
Over current protection
Rail to Rail : TLP5754
Rail to Rail : TLP5754

NEW
Current·Voltage Detection TLP7820
Isolation amp : TLP7820
Analog output
Gain error $\pm 0.5\sim 3\%$ (25°C)
 $G_{ain} \geq 20$

NEW
High speed Logic I/O TLP2761
Low I_{FHL} 10Mbps :
TLP2761
Trigger current 1.3mA
20M Logic IC : TLP2768A
 $G_{ain} \geq 20$

Line-up of IGBT Driver coupler

OCP : Over current protection
AMC: Active miller clamp

Creepage & clearance		5mm	4mm	7 or 8mm	7 or 8mm	8mm	8mm
Isolation voltage		3750 Vrms	3750 Vrms	5000 Vrms	3750 Vrms	5000 Vrms	5000 Vrms
Output peak current	Data rate	SO6 	SO8 	SDIP6 	DIP8 	SO6L 	SO16L 
6.0 A	500 ns						
4.0 A	150 ns					TLP358H	
		Orange colored area $T_{opr}=125^{\circ}\text{C}$ High temp. series				TLP5754 (Rail to rail)	TLP5214 (OVC/AMC Rail to rail)
2.5 A	500 ns	 TLP152		TLP700H	 TLP250H TLP350H		
	~200 ns			TLP700A	TLP352	TLP5702	
	~150 ns (Low skew)					TLP5752 (Rail to rail)	
1.0A	~150 ns (Low skew)					TLP5751 (Rail to rail)	
0.6A	700 ns	 TLP151A	 TLP701H	 TLP351H			
	500 ns	 TLP2451A	 TLP701A	 TLP351A		 TLP5701	
	~200 ns (Low skew)	 TLP155E		TLP705A			

10: Vcc=10 to 30V Blue Letter : Recommended Product

*The products without the mark of **10** are Vcc=15 to 30V.

*The product without the temperature notation is $T_{opr}=100^{\circ}\text{C}$ (Max).

Low Input IGBT/MOSFET Gate Driver Coupler

TLP5771 / TLP5772 / TLP5774

Low Input Rail-to-rail output SO6L package version appeared!

Feature

- ★Input threshold current : 2.0mA (Max)
- ★Rail to Rail Output :
Output Voltage = Power Supply Voltage(Vcc)
- ★Thin package : 2.3mm (Max)
- ★Isolation voltage : 5kVrms (Min)
- ★Supply voltage : 10V ~ 30V
- ★Toshiba's SO6L recommended land pattern can accept Avago's Stretched-SO6.

Application

- ★PV inverter
- ★Inverter
- ★AC servo
- ★Compact motor driver
- ★Industrial sewing machine



- ★Mass production starts in Thailand from January 2016!



Fundamental terms

Product name	TLP575 x	TLP577 x
Package	SO6L	
Creepage / Clearance	8mm(min)	
Output peak current	±1.0 / ±2.5 / ±4.0A	
Operation temperature	-40°C ~ 110°C	
Supply voltage	15V ~ 30V	10V ~ 30V
Supply current	3mA (Max)	3mA (Max)
Propagation delay time	150ns (Max)	150ns (Max)
Input threshold current	4mA (Max)	2mA (Max)

TLP5771 (Iout ±1A)
TLP5772 (Iout ±2.5A)
TLP5774 (Iout ±4A)

◆TLP577x series is ideal for better noise environment because they are possible to drive directly from the MCU at low input current, also ideal for MOSFET drive because of wider supply voltage range.

◆TLP575x series is ideal for industrial application to drive large IGBT because of Supply voltage range from 15V.

Low power loss (Rail to rail) IGBT/MOSFET driver coupler

TLP5751 / 5752 / 5754

1.0A output 2.5A output 4.0A output

Feature

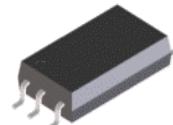
- Rail to rail output
- High speed 150ns(Max)
- Low skew ± 80 ns
- Supply current 3mA(Max)
- Threshold current 4mA(Max)
- Operating temp. $T_{opr}:-40\sim 110^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Direct replacement of ACPL-P340 series

Company A
ACPL-P340

TOSHIBA
TLP5751 **NEW**

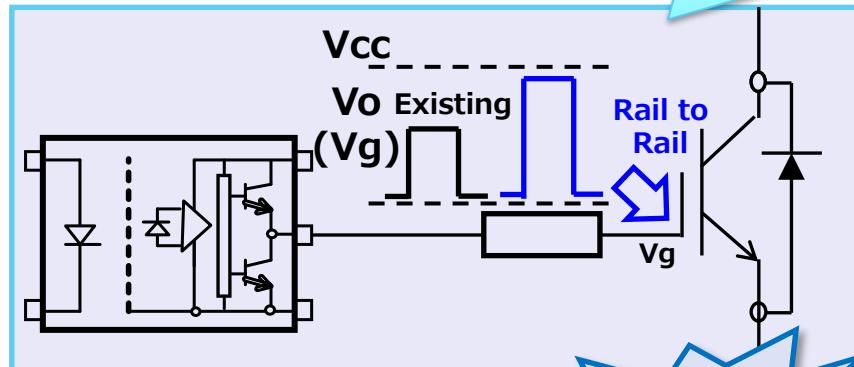
Existing
TLP701A

Package height	3.6mm	2.3mm	4.25 mm
V_{OH}	$V_{CC}-0.3\text{V}$	$V_{CC}-0.3\text{V}$	$V_{CC}-4\text{V}$
V_{OL}	0.2V	0.2V	1.0V
Peak current	1.0A	1.0A	0.6A
T_{opr}	-40 to 105 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	-40 to 110 $^{\circ}\text{C}$	-40 to 100 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
t_{pHL}/t_{pLH}	200 ns	150 ns	500ns
t_{psk}	± 100 ns	± 80ns	N/A
V_{CC}	15 ~ 30V	15 ~ 30V	10~30V
BV_s	5000 V _{rms}	5000 V_{rms}	5000 V _{rms}



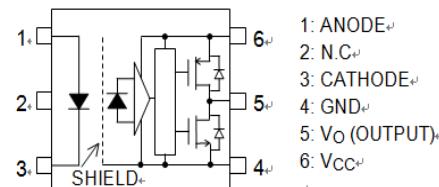
Generating a full swing voltage output signal . Contribute to low power consumption.

*What's Rail to rail ?

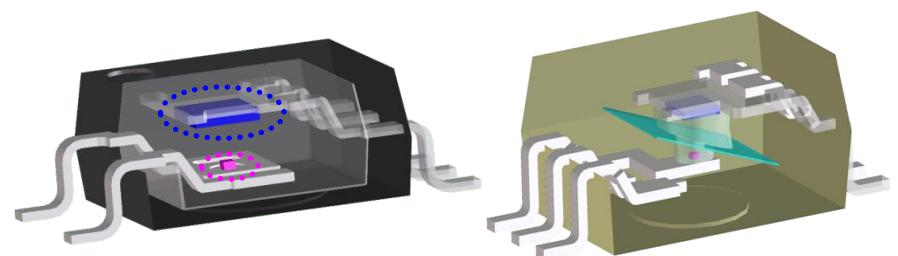


Conduction loss 10% down

Internal circuit



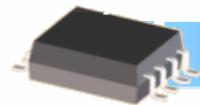
Isolation Amplifier



Isolation amplifier Development schedule

Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
------	------	------	------	------

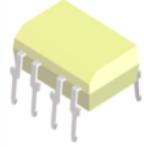
Analog output



Thin PKG

SO8L

...ACPL-C79x compatible
(Company "A")



Standard PKG

DIP8

...ACPL-790x compatible
(A Company "A")

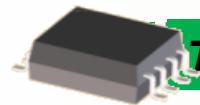
TLP7820
MP:OK

NEW
Height :
2.3mm

TLP7920
MP

Safety standard approval

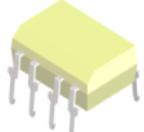
Digital output type



Thin PKG

SO8L

...ACPL-C797 compatible
(Company "A")



Standard PKG

DIP8

...ACPL-7970 compatible
(Company "A")

TLP7830
ES

TLP7830
MP

TLP7930
MP

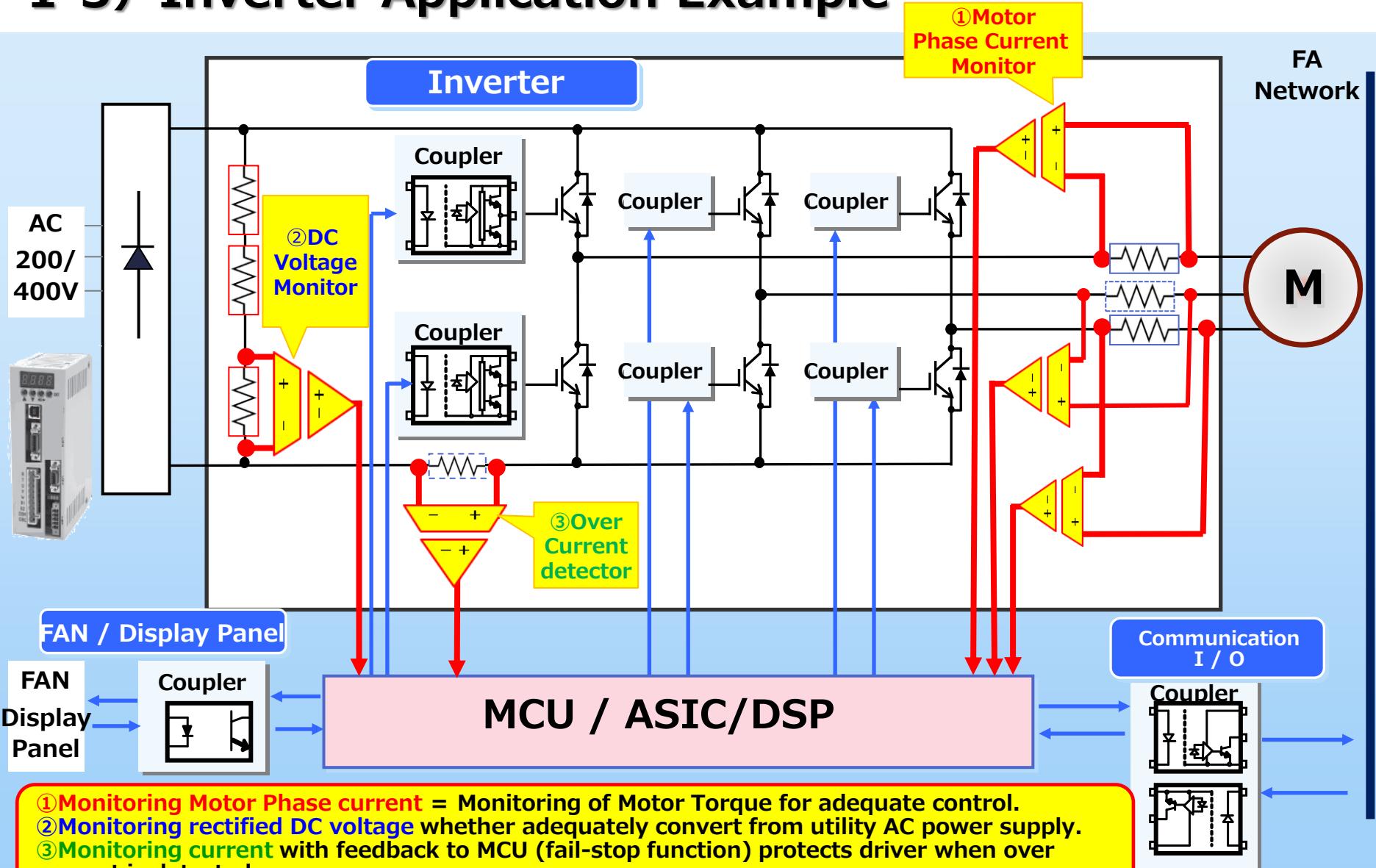
TLP7930
ES

TLP7830
MP

TLP7930
MP

Safety standard approval

1-3) Inverter Application Example



TLP7820 / TLP7920

TLP7820 and TLP7920 are first analog output type isolation amplifier in Toshiba.

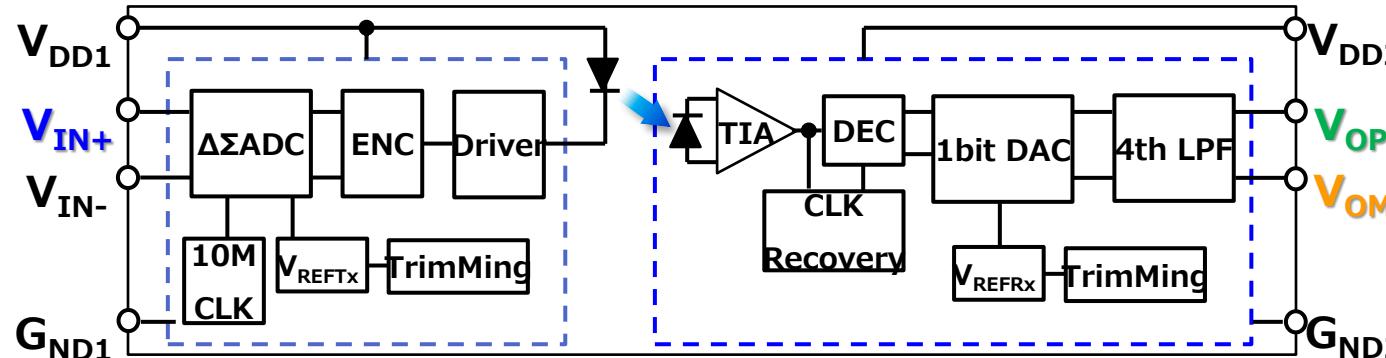
These are compatible with company "A", ACPL-C79x and ACPL-790x.

This contributes to low capacity power supply cause of

lower power consumption designing than company "A" .

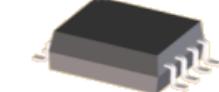
TLP7820 is housed in Toshiba new thin package SO8L(height:2.3mm).

It can reduce a mounting space more than A company item.



TLP7820

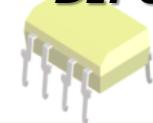
SO8L



In MP

TLP7920

DIP8



'16/Jan

Company "A"

TOSHIBA

TOSHIBA

Company "

ACPL-C79x

TLP7820

TLP7920

ACPL-790x

Height

3.6 mm

40%less!

2.3 mm

4.0 mm

Output type

Single phase =0~2.5V

Operation temperature : T_{opr}

-40 to 105 °C

Input Voltage Range

$\pm 200mV/\pm 300mV$

Gain error(25°C)

$\pm 0.5/\pm 1/\pm 3\%$

$\pm 0.5/\pm 1/\pm 3\%$

V_{DD1} Supply current : I_{DD1}

13(Max18.5)mA

25%less!

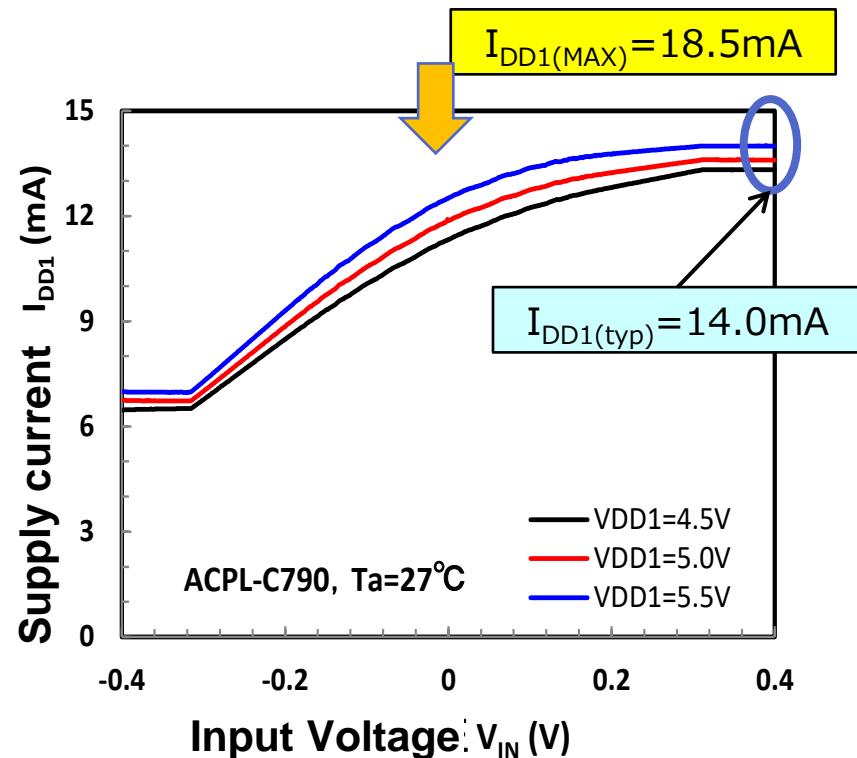
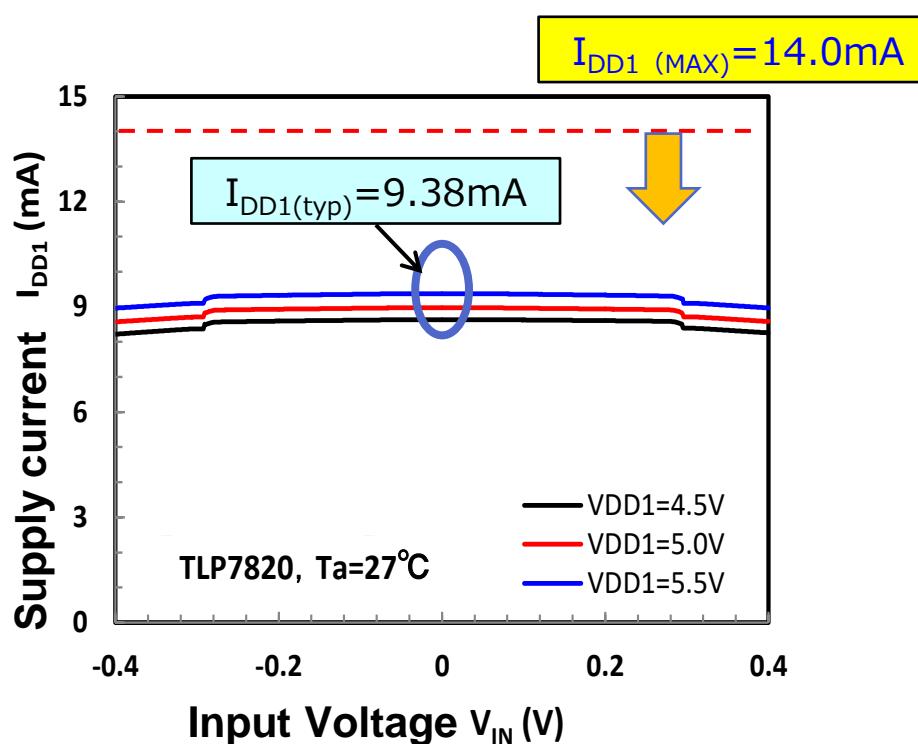
9.5(Max14)mA

less!

13(Max18.5)mA

5000 V_{rms}

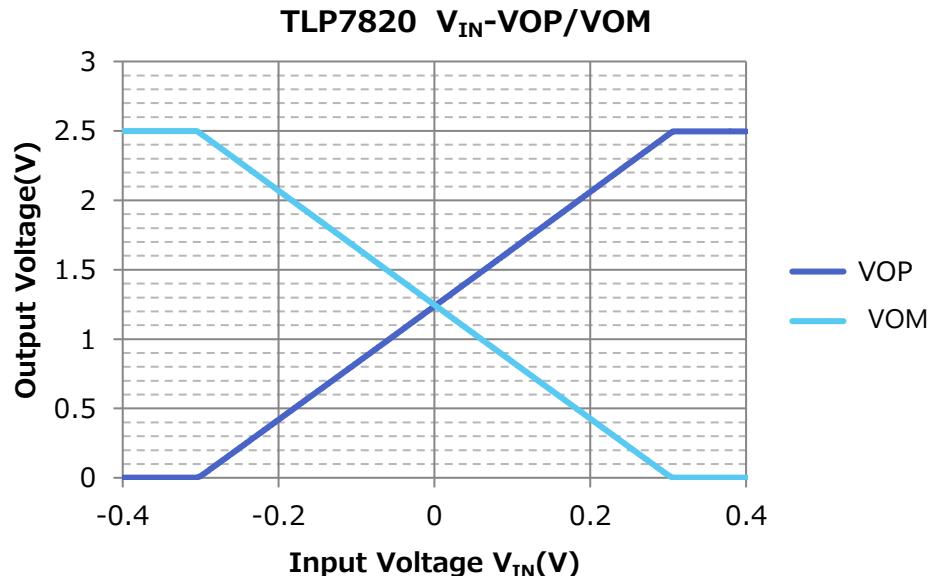
Feature Input side low supply current



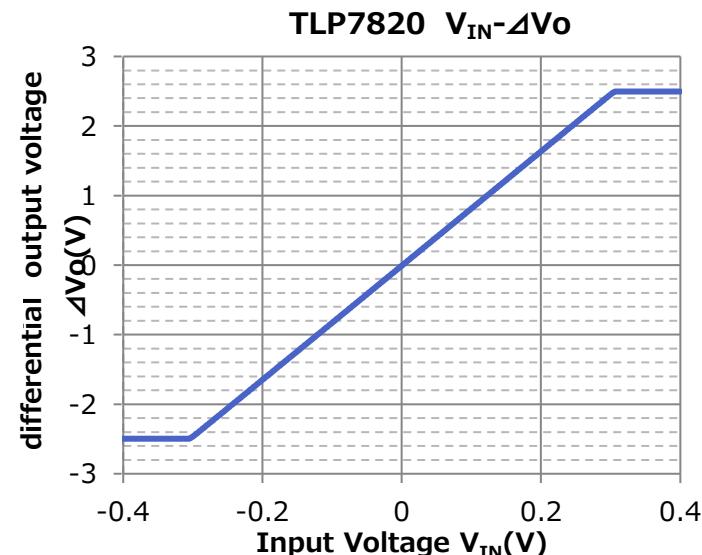
Input side supply current of Analog output type is **30%** lower than company A.

(Reference) TLP7820 Evaluation result

OV_{IN}-V_{OP}/V_{OM}



OV_{IN}-ΔV_O



Test condition : VDD1=5.0V, VDD2=5.5V, Ta=27°C

Test result : INL₂₀₀ = 0.0189%

INL₁₀₀ = 0.0098%

input full scale range = ±304mV

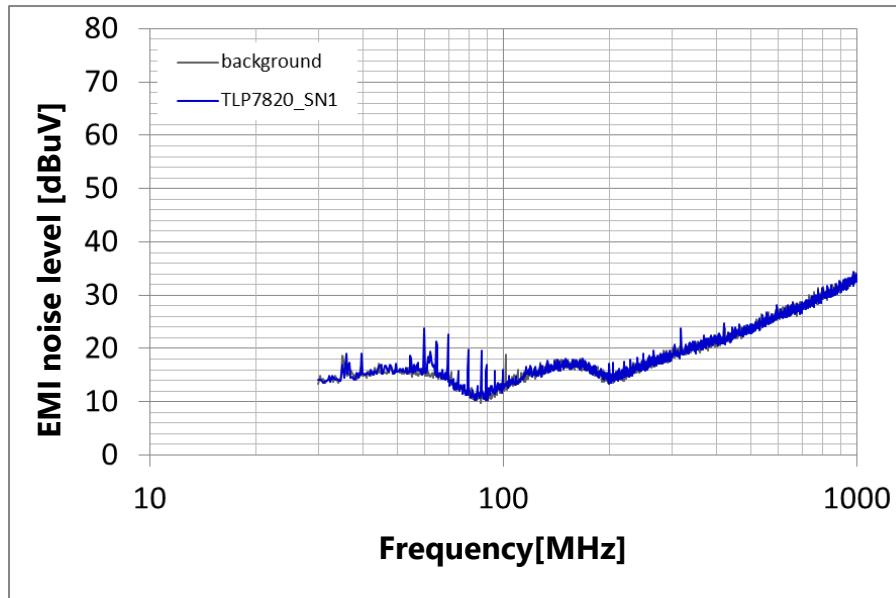
Gain = 8.2 time

CMRR_{IN} = 86.16dB

※This result is made by ES sample.

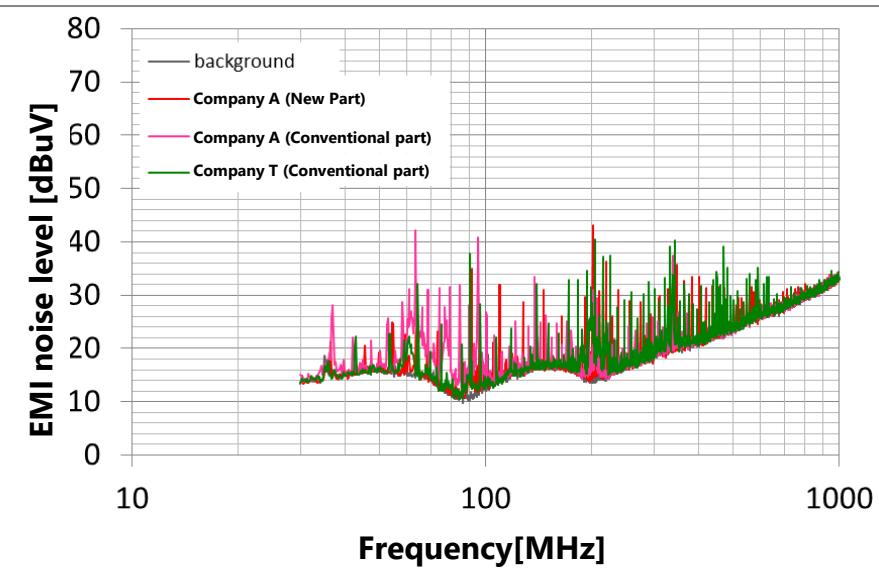
EMI ~ TLP7820 vs Competitor ~

■ TLP7820(Analog output)



■ Competitor

- ACPL-C79B(Avago)
- HCPL-7840(Avago)
- AMC1200 (TI)



<<Test condition>>
 - VDD1=VDD2=5V, Ta=25°C
 - Input differential voltage Vin+ - Vin-=0mV (offset voltage condition)
 - Output: open
 - Sample size: TLP7820...2pcs, other item...1pc

TLP7820 has a better EMI performance against competitors.

2-1) Isolation Amp. Developing Item, comparison Chart (Analog output)

(): Target Spec in front of "[]": (typ.), inside of []: specification value.	TLP7820	TLP7920	ACPL-C79x	ACPL-790x	HCPL-7840	AMC1200
Package / Isolation Voltage (AC1min)	SO8L/5 kVrms	DIP8/5 kVrms	SSO-8/5kVrms	DIP8/5 kVrms	DIP8/3.75 kVrms	SOP8/2.8 kVrms
(Maximum Allowable Operating Insulation Voltage V_{IORM}) D4 Option	(1230 Vpeak) TLP7920(890Vpeak) TLP7920F(1230Vpeak)		1230 Vpeak	891 Vpeak	891 Vpeak	1200 Vpeak
Output voltage (differential analog output)	Single Phase, 0 ~ 2.5 V		Single phase, 0 ~ 2.5 V		Single phase, 1.29 ~ 3.8V	Single phase, 1.29~3.8V
Operating Temperature T_A	-40 ~ 105 °C		-40 ~ 105 °C		-40 ~ 100 °C	-40 ~ 105 °C
Input (Primary) side supply voltage V_{DD1}	4.5 ~ 5.5 V		4.5 ~ 5.5 V		4.5 ~ 5.5 V	4.5 ~ 5.5 V
Output (Secondary) side supply voltage V_{DD2}	3.0 ~ 5.5 V		3.0 ~ 5.5 V		4.5 ~ 5.5 V	2.7 ~ 5.5 V
Input Voltage Range(Liner area / Full-scale)	± 200 mV / ± 300 mV	± 200 mV / ± 300 mV		± 200 mV / ± 300 mV		± 250 mV / ± 320 mV
Gain ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$)	8.2 times		8.2 times		8 times	8 times
Gain error ($T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$)	± 0.5 / ± 1 / ± 3 %		± 0.5 / ± 1 / ± 3 %		± 5 %	± 0.5 %
Magnitude of Gain Change vs. Temperature	0.00012 V/V/°C		-0.00041 V/V/°C		0.00025 V/V/°C	± 0.00045 V/V/°C (± 56 ppm/°C)
Nonlinearity over ± 200 mV Input Voltage INL _{200@Ta25°C}	0.02 [Max0.13] %		0.05 [Max0.13] %		0.0037 [Max0.35] %	0.075 %
Nonlinearity over ± 100 mV Input Voltage INL ₁₀₀	0.01 [Max0.06] %		0.02 [Max0.06] %		0.0027 [Max0.2] %	N/A
Input Offset Voltage	+0.9 [-0.6~2.4] mV	+0.73 [-0.7~2.1]mV		+0.6 [-1~2] mV		+0.2 [± 1.5] mV
Magnitude of Input Offset Change vs. Temperature	2 [Max6] $\mu\text{V}/\text{°C}$		3 [Max10] $\mu\text{V}/\text{°C}$		3 [Max10] $\mu\text{V}/\text{°C}$	± 1.5 [Max ± 10] $\mu\text{V}/\text{°C}$
Small-Signal Bandwidth (-3 dB)	[Min140] 200 kHz		[Min140] 200 kHz		[Min50] 100 kHz	[Min60] 100 kHz
Equivalent Input Impedance	78 kΩ		22 kΩ		500 kΩ	28 kΩ
Input Side Supply Current I_{DD1}	8.6 [Max12] mA		13[Max18.5] mA	13[Max18.5] mA	10.86 [Max15.5] mA	5.4 [Max8] mA
Output Side Supply Current I_{DD2}	6.2 [Max10] mA		7 [Max12] mA		11.56 [Max15.5]	4.4 [Max7] mA

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